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## Hubble-induced mass from MSSM plasma

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We evaluate the effective mass of a scalar field  $\phi$  coupled to thermal plasma through Planck-suppressed interactions.

We find it useful to rescale the coupled fields so that all the  $\phi$ -dependences are absorbed into the yukawa and gauge couplings,

which allows us to read off the leading order contributions to the effective mass  $m_{\phi}^2$  from the 2-loop free energy calculated

with the rescaled couplings.

We give an analytical expression for  $m_{\phi}^2$  at a sufficiently high temperature in the case where  $\phi$  is coupled to the MSSM chiral superfields through non-minimal Kahler potential.

We find that  $|m_{\phi}^2|$  is about  $10^{-3} H^2 \sim 10^{-2} H^2$  at the leading order in terms of the couplings for typical parameter sets, where  $H$  is the Hubble expansion rate in the radiation-dominated era.

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