

Tidal Forces and the Roche Limit

Yu Xian He
PHYS 305

Introduction

- Tidal Force: a differential forces that arises from the effects of gravity
- Cause tides and changes sea level
- Roche Limit: distance at which an orbiting satellite will disintegrate due to the tidal forces exerted on the satellite from the mass it's orbiting

Introduction

- Gravitational force:

$$F_g = -\frac{GMm}{r^2}$$

- Tidal force:

$$F_t = \frac{2GMur}{d^3}$$

- Roche limit:

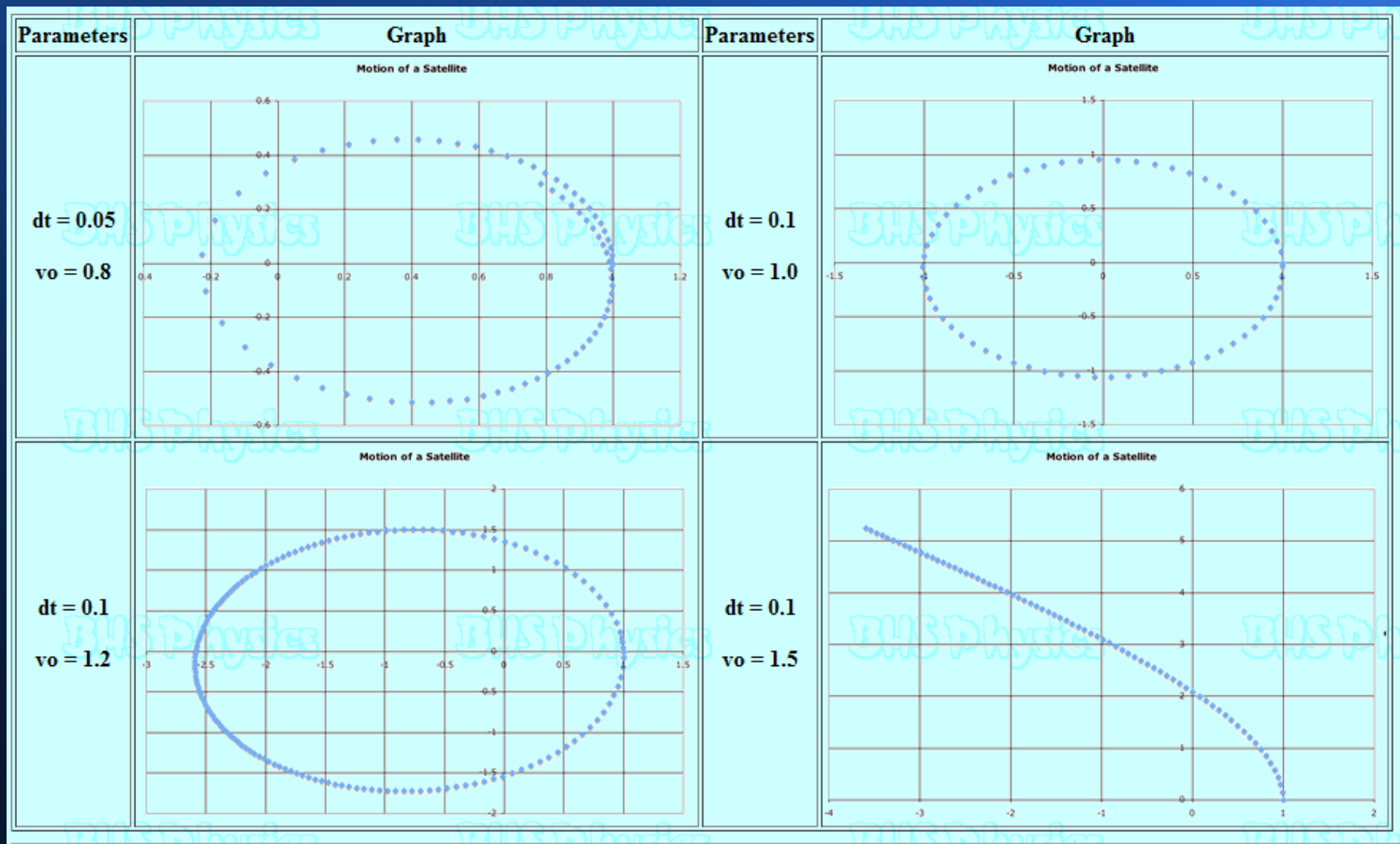
$$d = R \left(2 \frac{\rho_M}{\rho_m} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Main Program

- Plot out orbit of satellite
- Allow user-defined values for mass m of satellite and distance r between objects
- Use Runge-Kutta method to predict orbits

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = -\frac{GM}{r^2}$$
$$\frac{dv_x}{dt} = -\frac{GMx}{r^3}, \quad \frac{dv_y}{dt} = -\frac{GMy}{r^3}$$

Sample Orbital Plots



Other Features

- Find the Roche Limit distance d from user-input values
- Replot this distance into our orbital plot graph and compare
- Error and uncertainty? Compare RK2 with RK4

Status/Schedule

- Current project status: I have the algorithm down
- Need to setup RK method for orbits
- If possible, do a better, graphical display of orbits