

# Search for a $J/\psi$ $\eta$ resonance in $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^\pm$ at Belle

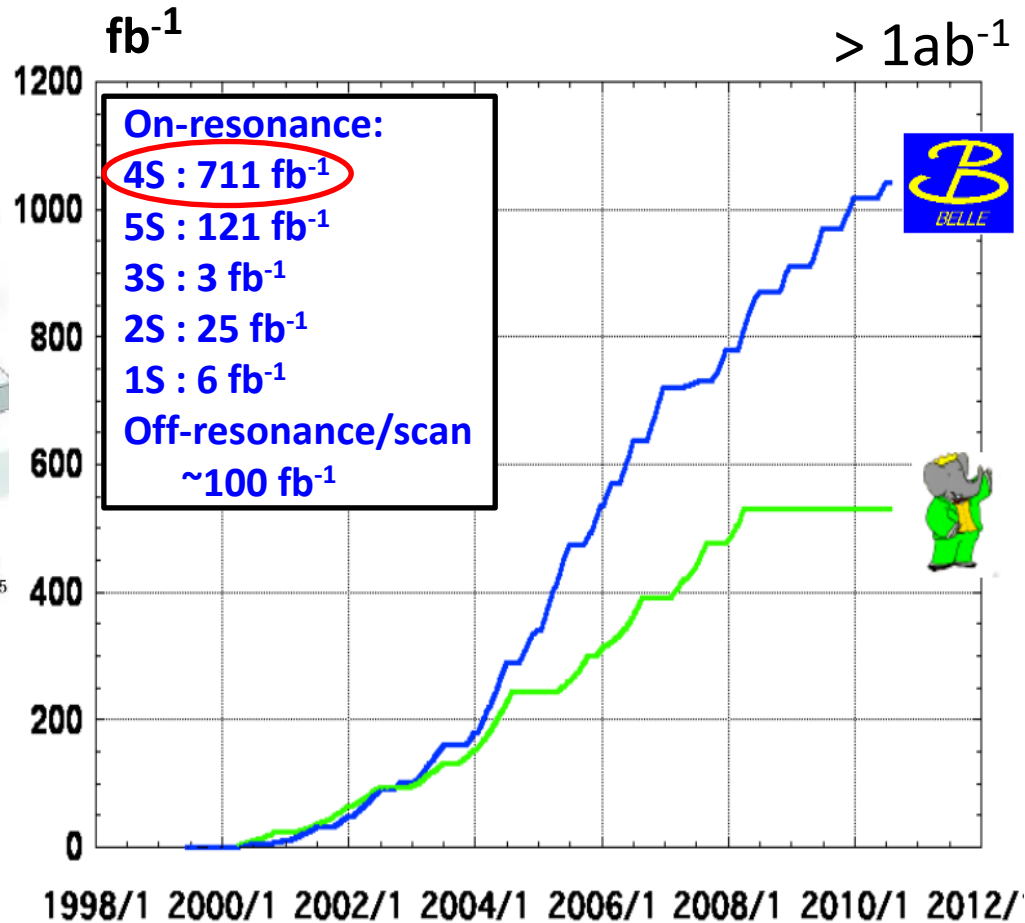
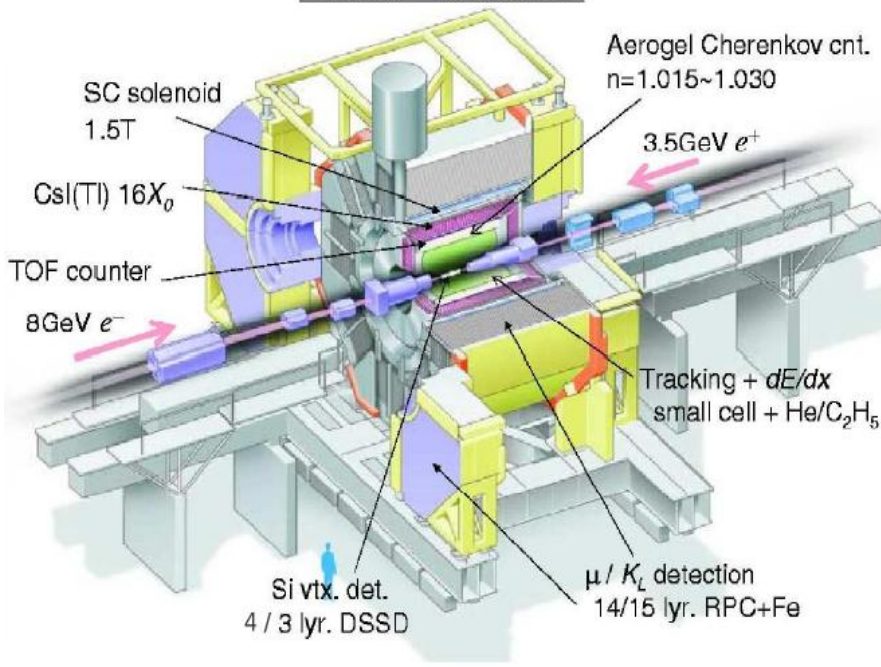
Tomoko Iwashita (Nara-wu)  
2012 May 16 @ Charm 2012

# Outline

- Motivation
- B reconstruction
- Background
- Data
- Upper limit
- Summary

# Belle detector

Belle Detector



General purpose detector, build to test Standard Model mechanism for CP violation in B decays to charmonium ( $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi, \Psi', \chi_{c1} K^0$ ).

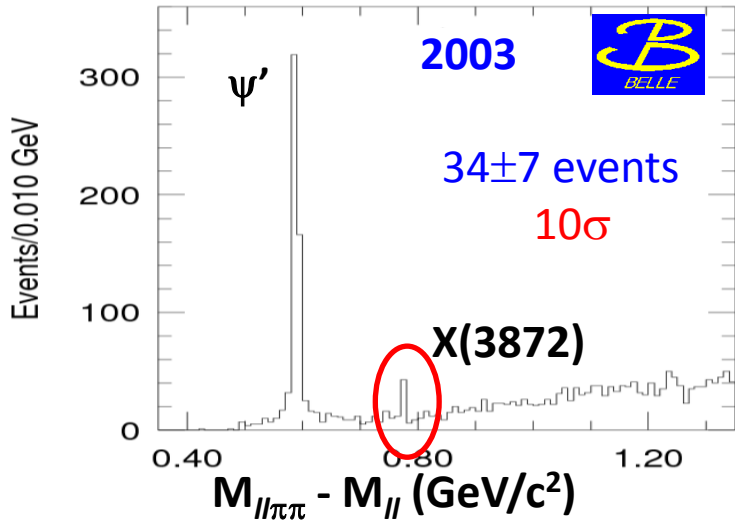
Contribution to charmonium (-like) states:

$\eta_c(2S), X(3872), Y(3940), Z(3930), X(3940), X(3915), Y(4260), Y(4660), Z(4430)^+, Z_1(4050)^+, Z_2(4250)^+ \dots$

# X(3872)

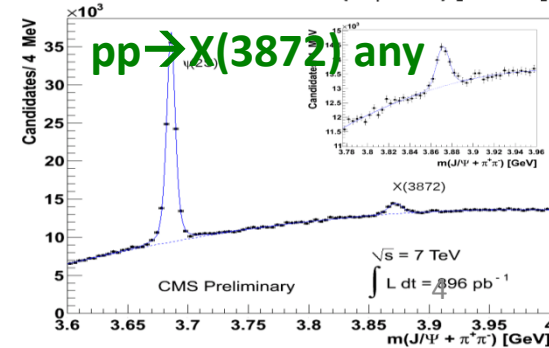
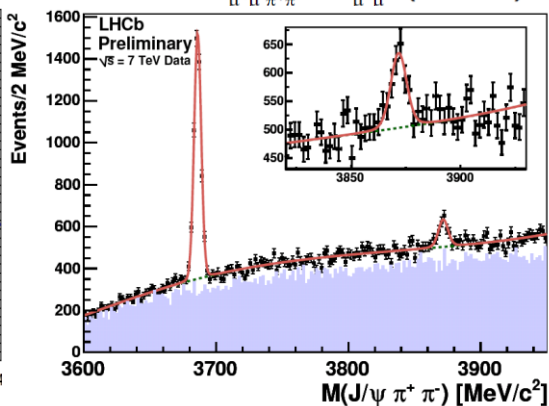
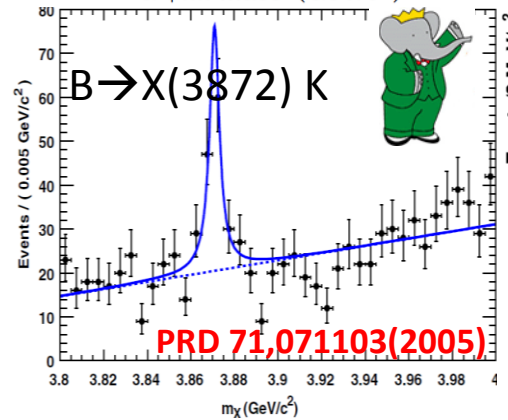
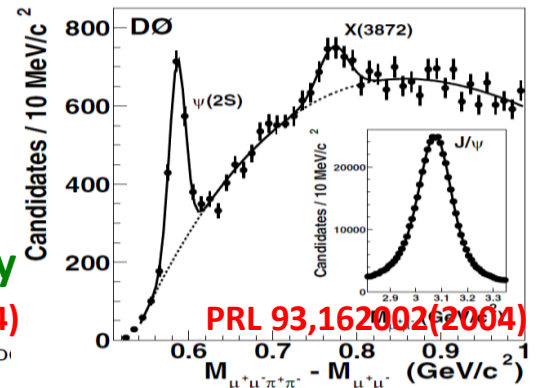
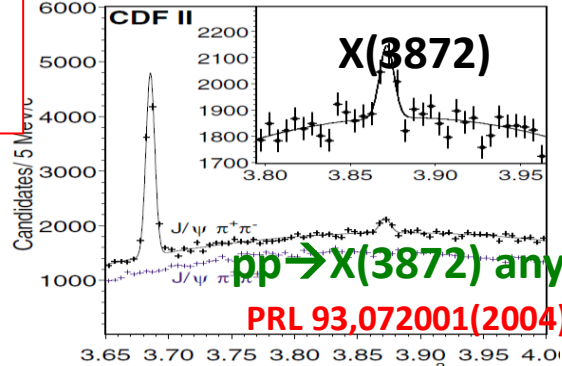
X(3872) is discovered by Belle  
in  $J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$  decay mode

$$B^+ \rightarrow X(3872) K^+, \quad X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$$



PRL 91,262001(2003)

$\Gamma < 2.5 \text{ MeV (90\%CL)}$

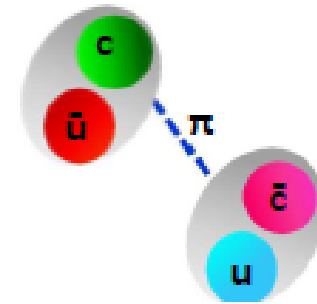


Confirmed by CDF,  
DO, BaBar, CMS  
and LHCb.

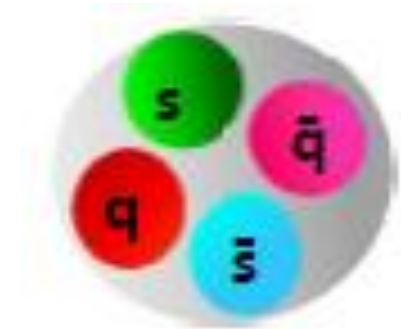
# X(3872) property

No obvious charmonium candidate

- ✓  $M=3871.6 \pm 0.2$  MeV  
 $M(D^0)+M(\bar{D}^{0,*})=3871.7 \pm 0.2$
- ✓  $\Gamma < 1.2$  MeV
- ✓  $J^{PC}=1^{++}$  or  $2^{-+}$
- ✓ Some theoretical models
  - Molecule model
  - Tetra-quark model
  - Hybrid meson
  - Mixing model



Molecule model



Tetra-quark model

# Partners of X(3872)

## Recent Belle search

Belle, PRD 85,052004 (2011)

$$\Delta M(M_X(B^+) - M_X(B^0)) = (-0.69 \pm 0.97 \pm 0.19) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Br}(B^0 \rightarrow X^+ K^-) \cdot \text{Br}(X^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 J/\psi) < 3.9 \times 10^{-6}$$

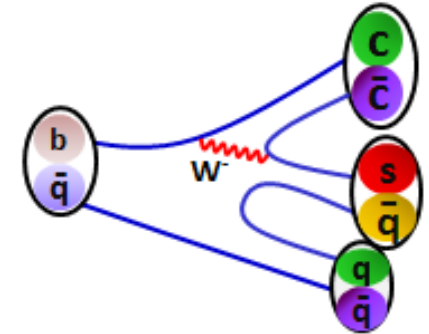
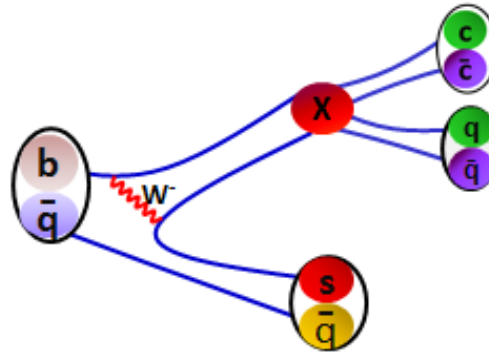
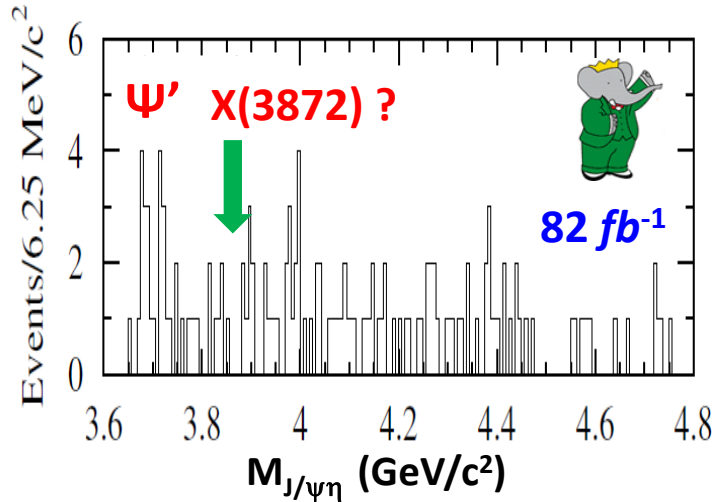
**No charged partner ?**

Few tetraquark models predict  $X(3872)^+$  to be broad, not observed yet because of low statistics (?). **K. Terasaki, Prog. Theor. Phys. 127, 577-582 (2012)**

If  $X(3872)$  is tetraquark, then  $X(3872)$  has C-odd partner which can dominantly decay into  $X(3872)^C \rightarrow J/\psi \eta$

**J/ψη search important to identify X(3872) nature**

# B → J/ψ η K decay



BaBar observed  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^+$  and provided

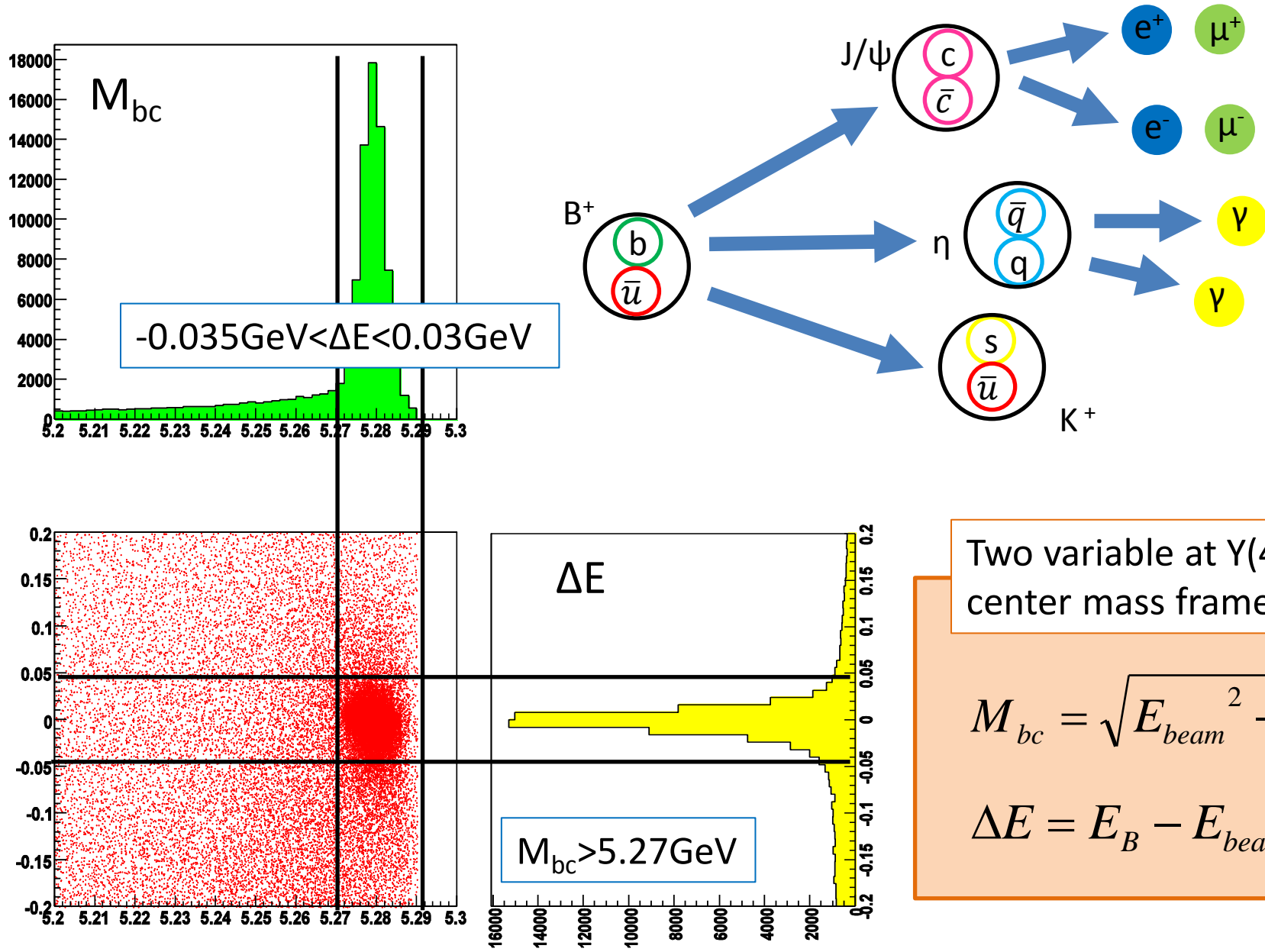
$$\text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^+) = (10.8 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow X(3872) K^+) \cdot \text{Br}(X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \eta) < 7.7 \times 10^{-6} \text{ (90\% CL)}$$

BaBar, PRL 93, 041801 (2004)

With more data (9x), Belle may find or can rule out the  $X(3872)^{c^-}$  partner.

# B reconstruction

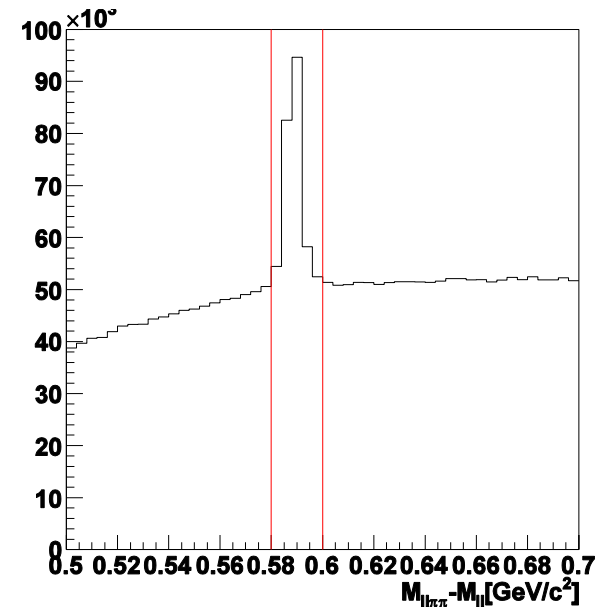
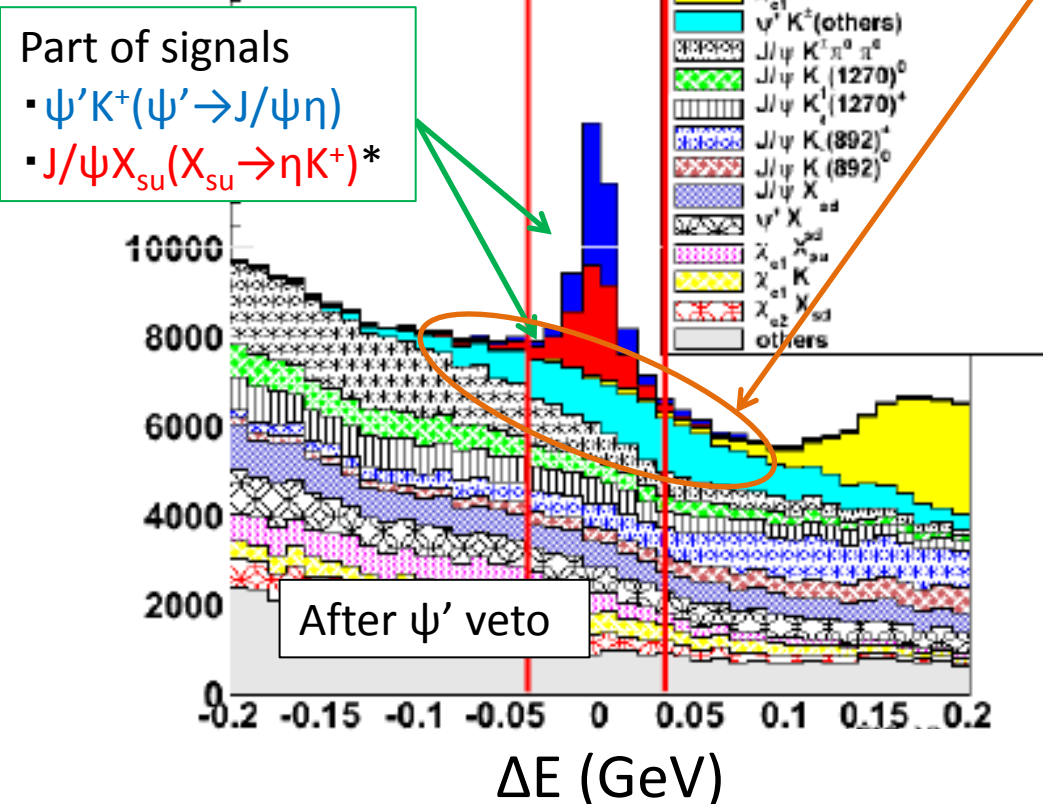




# Background

B → J/ψ X MC  
100 times data  
sample

We applied  $\psi'$  veto to reduce background

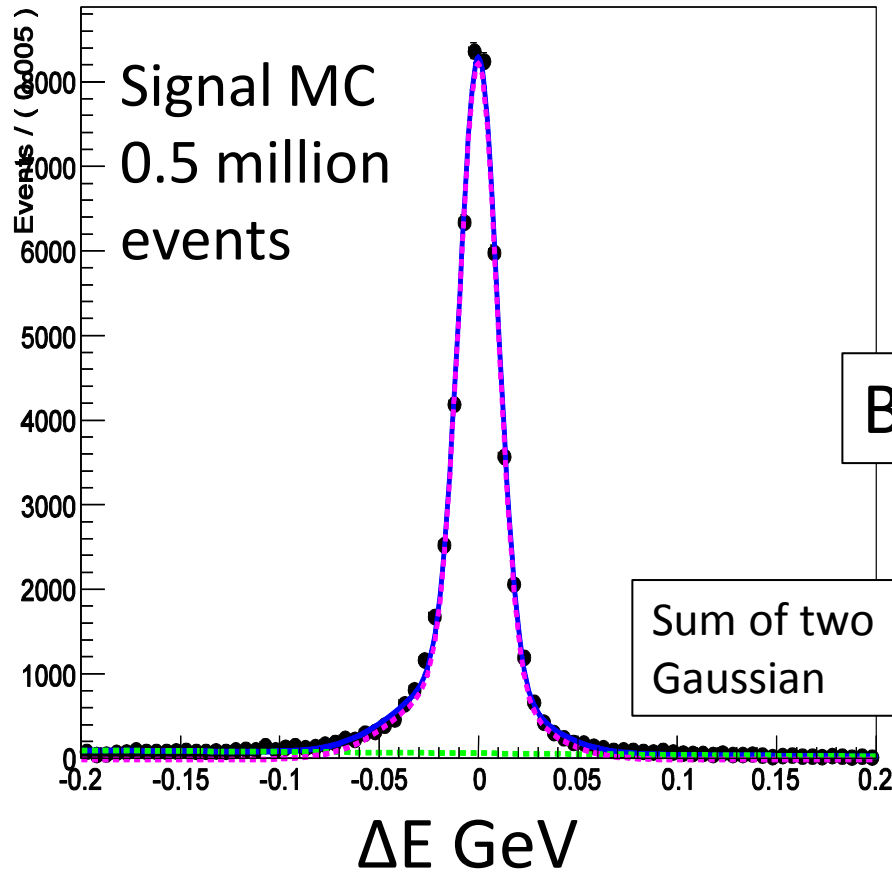


$0.58 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M_{|J/\psi\pi\pi} - M_{|J/\psi} < 0.60 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
for  $\psi' K$  veto

\*  $X_{su}$  is the JETSET/PYTHIA fragmentation and hadronization object.

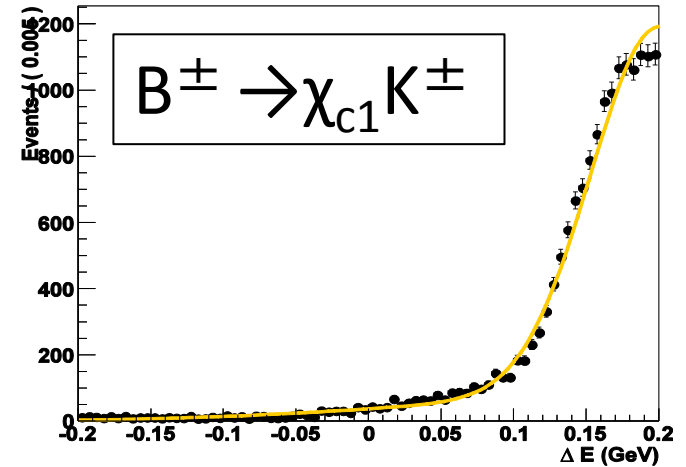
# PDFs

Signal MC of  $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^\pm$  phase space (PHSP) decay

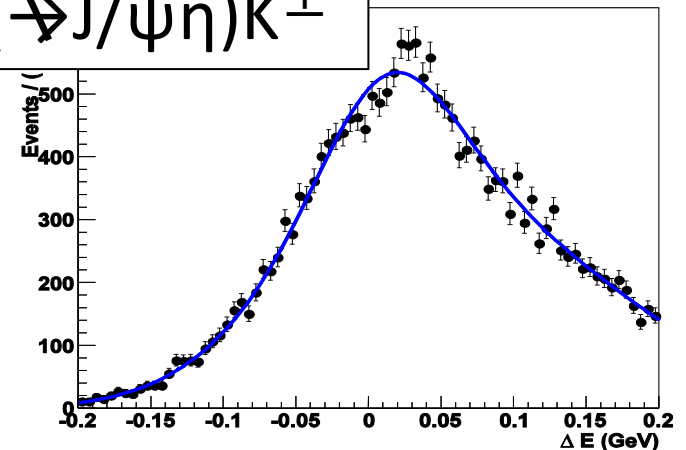


$B \rightarrow J/\psi X$  MC

100 times data sample



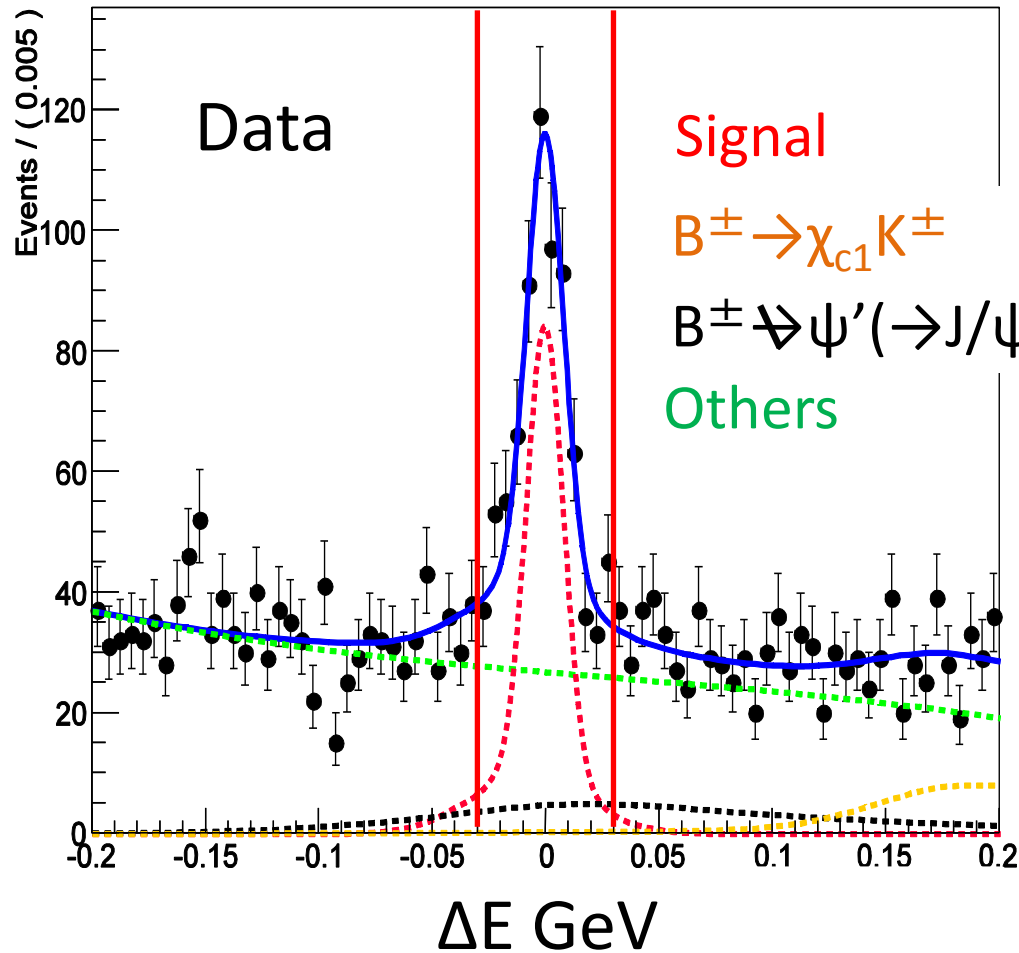
$B^\pm \rightarrow \psi' (\rightarrow J/\psi \eta) K^\pm$



Other backgrounds are smooth polynomial

No bias is observed in fitter using Geant simulation study and Toy MC study

# B decay signal extraction



We look at the data  $\Delta E$  distribution.

Signal yield is  **$428 \pm 37$**  events.

Signal  $\Delta E$  peak shift  
 $1.15 \pm 0.83 \text{ MeV}$

Signal  $\Delta E$  resolution ratio  
 $1.11 \pm 0.13$

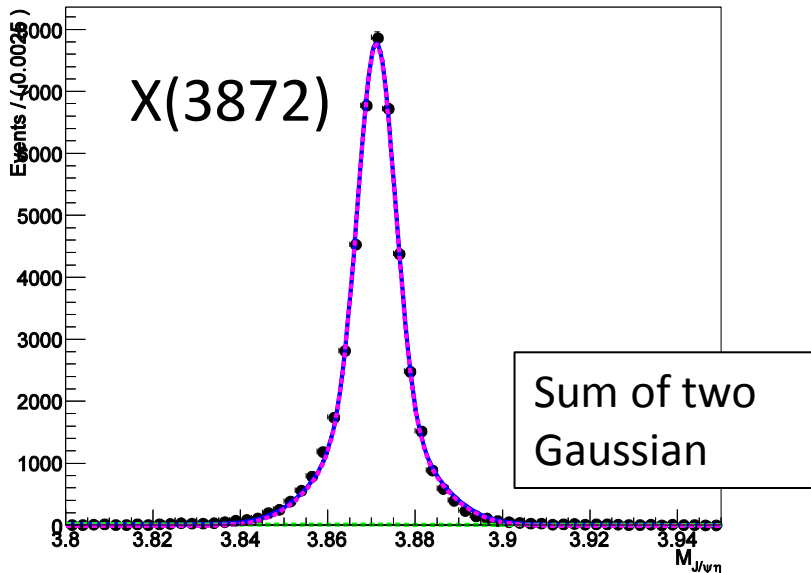
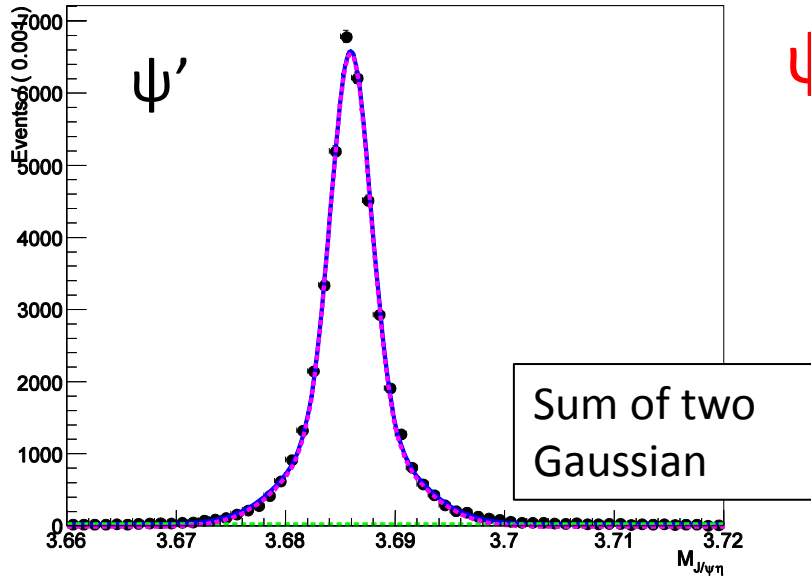
(Between data and MC)

Efficiency is 9.9% at  
 $-0.2 \text{ GeV} < \Delta E < 0.2 \text{ GeV}$

# $M_{J/\psi\eta}$ PDFs

Signal MC

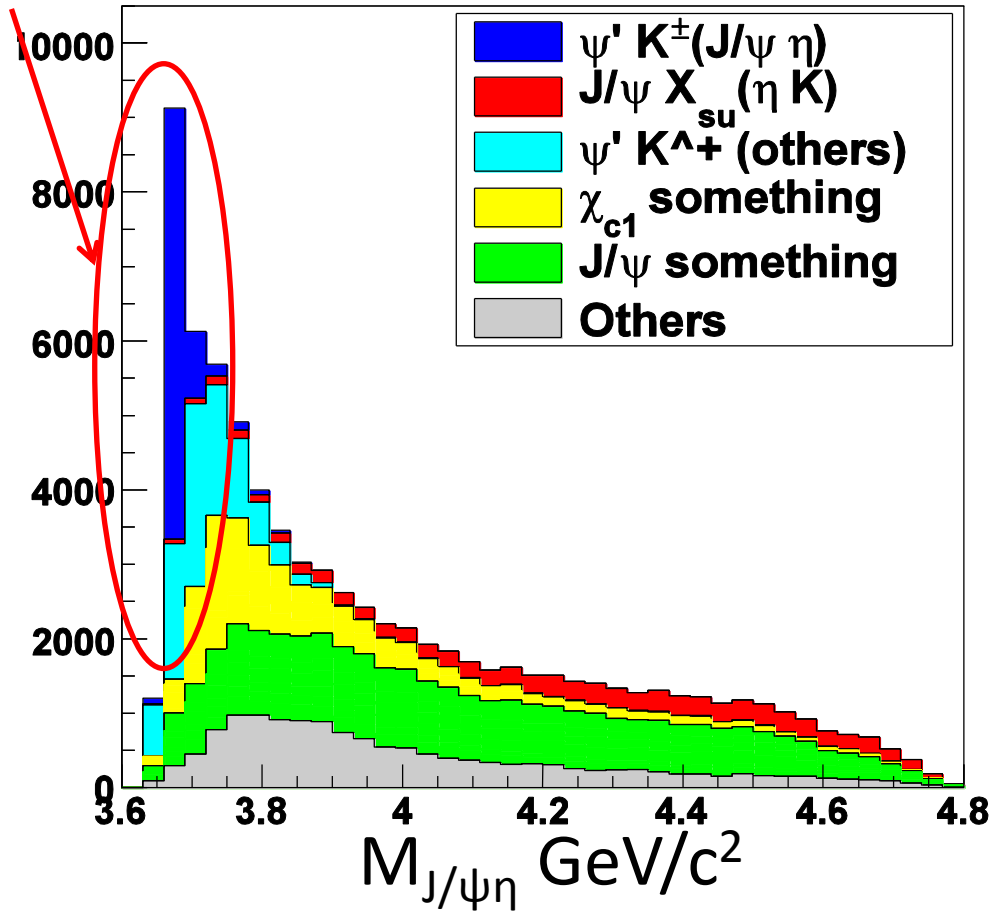
0.5 million events



$B \rightarrow J/\psi X$  MC

100 times data sample

$\psi'$

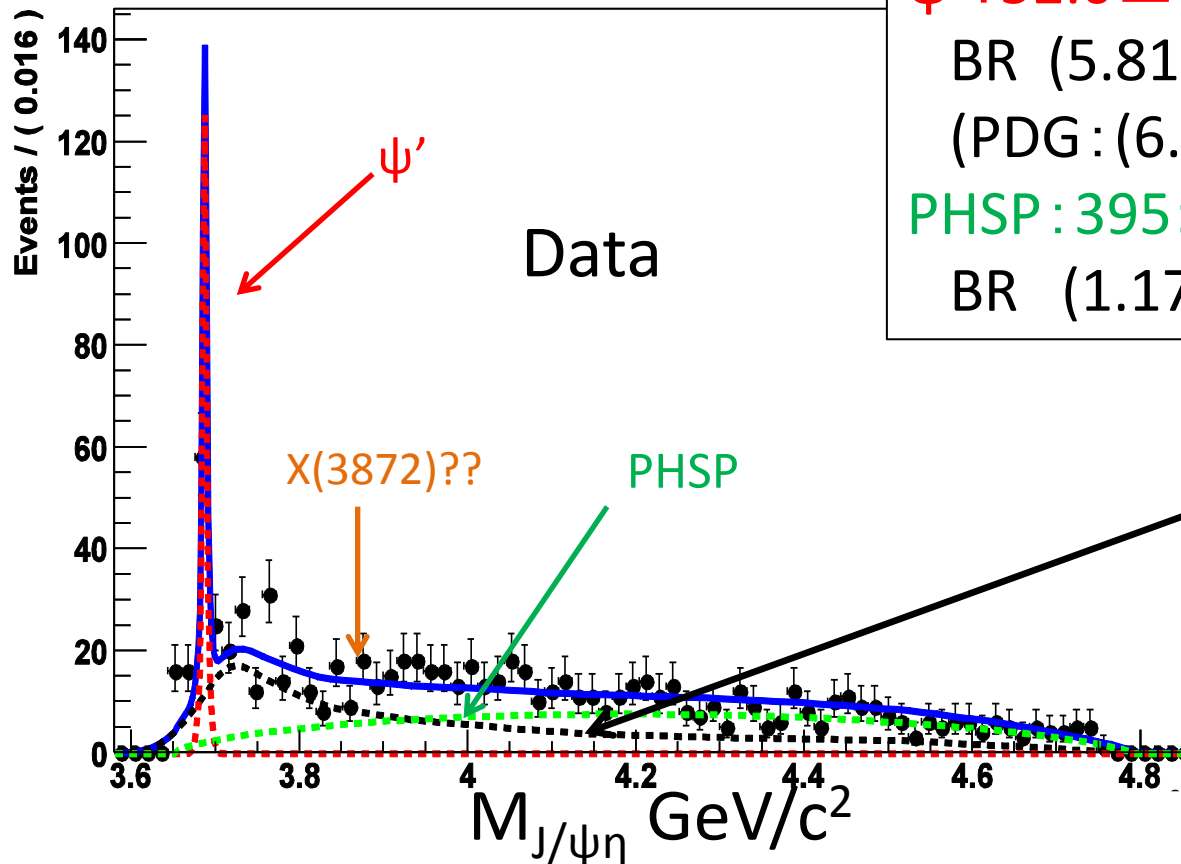


Background estimated from this distribution.

# $M_{J/\psi\eta}$ distribution

We can find  $\psi'$  signal.

Other signals distribute phase space like.



$\psi'$  :  $52.0 \pm 8.2$  event

BR  $(5.81 \pm 0.92 \pm 0.44) \times 10^{-4}$   
(PDG :  $(6.39 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-4}$ )

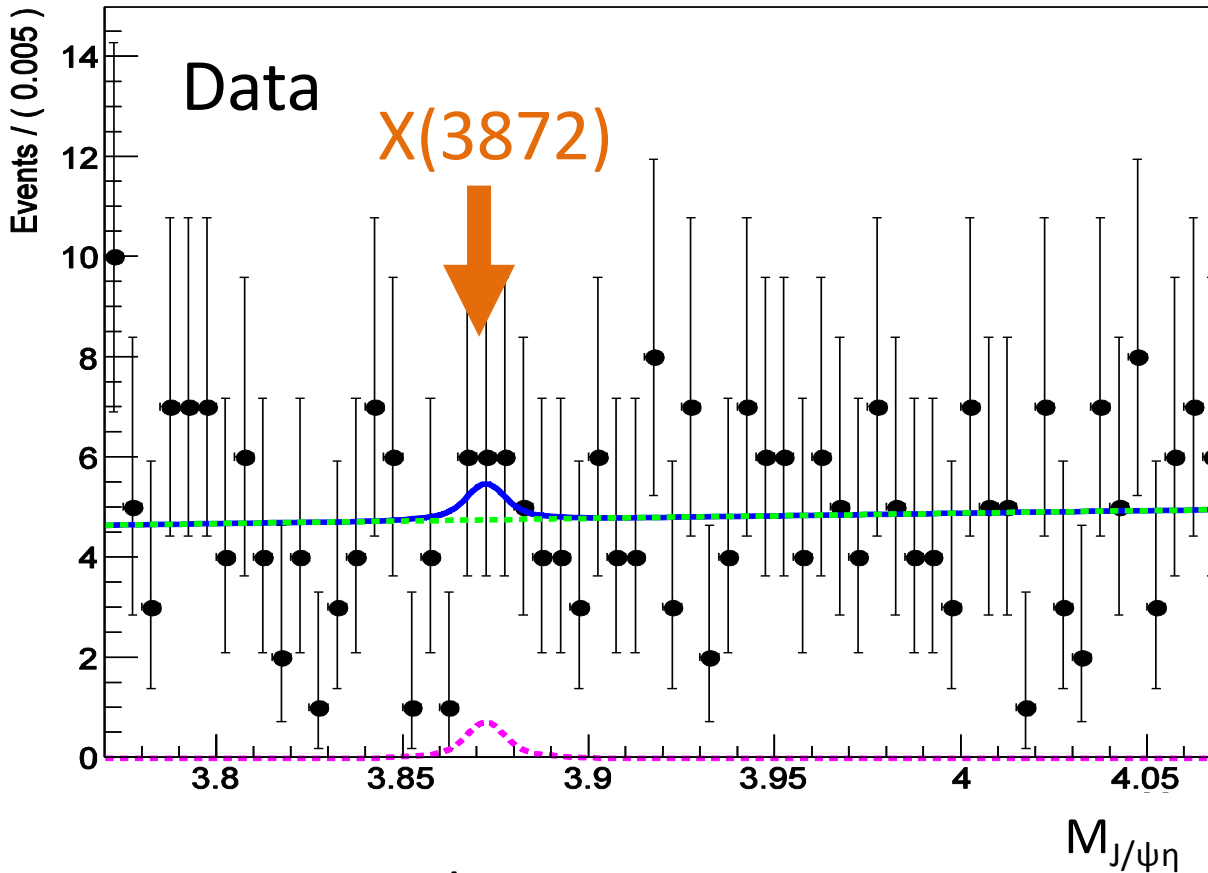
PHSP :  $395 \pm 26$  event

BR  $(1.17 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-4}$

Background is estimated  
from  $M_{J/\psi\eta}$  distribution  
using  $B \rightarrow J/\psi X$  MC

We can't find any peak above 3.9 GeV

# At X(3872) region



Upper limit

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(B \rightarrow X(3872)K) \cdot \text{Br}(X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi\eta) \\ < 3.8 \times 10^{-6} \quad @ 90\% \text{ C.L.} \\ (\text{PDG} < 7.7 \times 10^{-6}) \end{aligned}$$

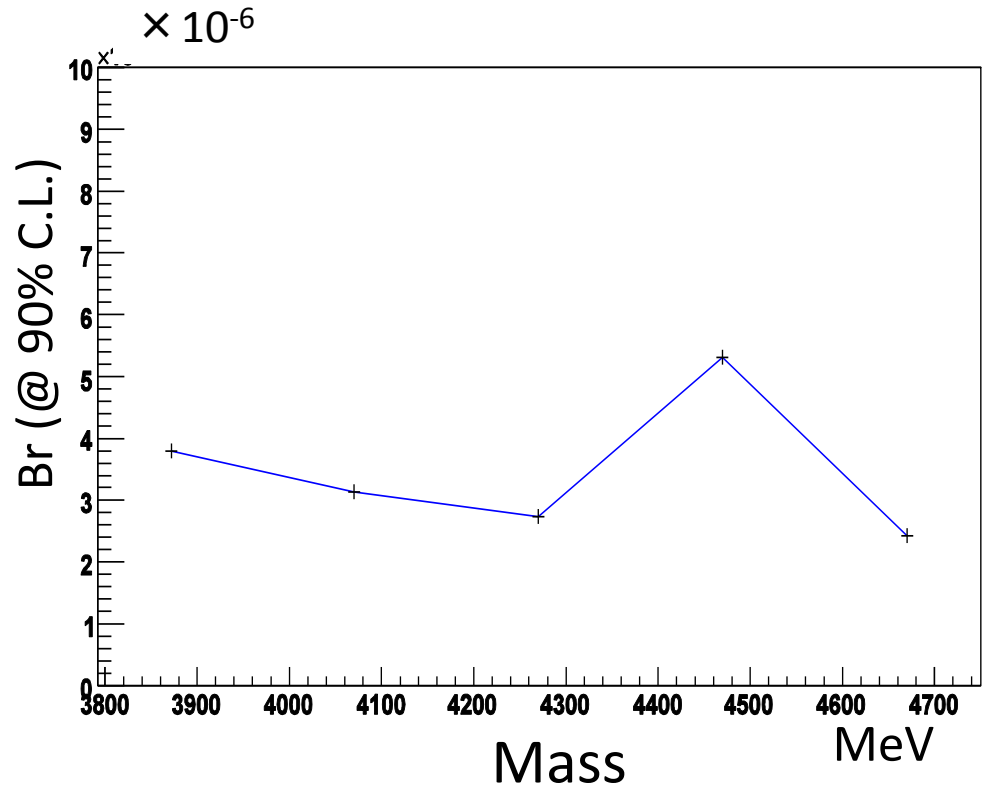
# Systematic uncertainties

Source	Uncertainty (%)
Tracking	1.6
Kaon ID	0.97
Electron ID	0.9
Muon ID	3.93
$\eta$	4.0
Signal MC statistics	0.48 <sub>(<math>B^\pm \rightarrow \psi' K^\pm \cdot \psi' \rightarrow J/\psi \eta</math>)</sub> * * Depend by mode
Number of $B\bar{B}$	1.4
B.R.s	2.4 <sub>(<math>B^\pm \rightarrow \psi' K^\pm \cdot \psi' \rightarrow J/\psi \eta</math>)</sub> , 1.1 <sub>(<math>B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^\pm</math>)</sub>
PDF syst.	3.9 <sub>(<math>B^\pm \rightarrow \psi' K^\pm \cdot \psi' \rightarrow J/\psi \eta</math>)</sub> , 7.3 <sub>(<math>B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^\pm</math>)</sub>
<b>Total</b>	<b>7.7</b> <sub>(<math>B^\pm \rightarrow \psi' K^\pm \cdot \psi' \rightarrow J/\psi \eta</math>)</sub> , <b>9.6</b> <sub>(<math>B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^\pm</math>)</sub>

# Upper limit for narrow resonances

$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow XK) \times \text{Br}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \eta)$$

X	U.L. ( $\times 10^{-6}$ ) Include systematics
X(3872)	3.8
4070	3.1
4270	2.7
4470	5.3
4670	2.4



UL (@90% CL) is also provided at different masses (using 0-width states).



# Summary

- We measure  $B \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K$  decay using Belle's full data sample, 772  $MB\bar{B}$  pair.

- $\psi'$  yield as expected  $52.0 \pm 8.2$  events

$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow \psi' K) = (5.81 \pm 0.92 \pm 0.44) \times 10^{-4}$$

- PHSP yield is obtained to be  $395 \pm 26$  events

$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K) = (1.17 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-4}$$

- In  $M_{J/\psi \eta}$  distribution

- No other peak, rest is well explained with phase space distribution

- Stringent limit on narrow resonances

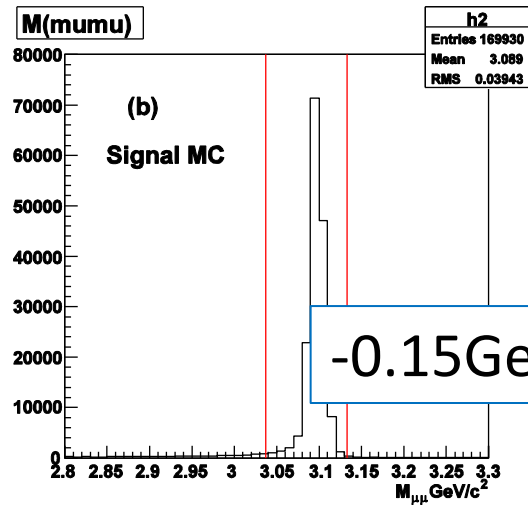
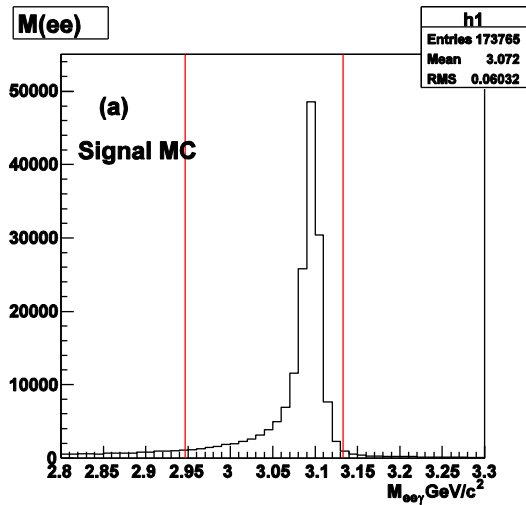
$$\text{Ex.) } \text{Br}(B \rightarrow X(3872)K) \cdot \text{Br}(X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \eta) < 3.8 \times 10^{-6}$$

@90% C.L.

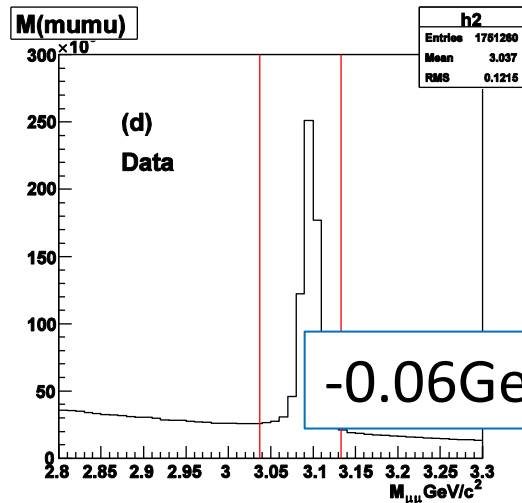
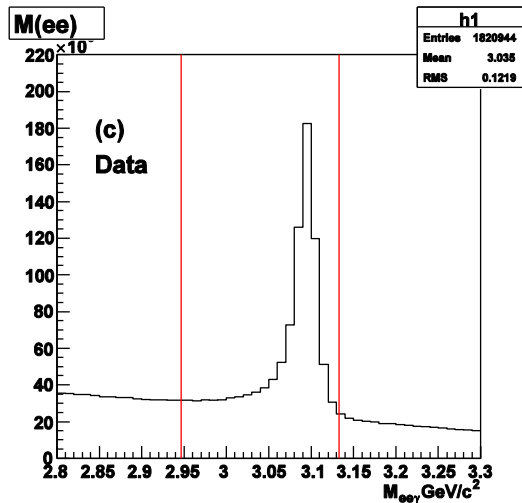
**BACK UP**

# J/ψ reconstruction

J/ψ is reconstructed from lepton pair ( $e^-e^+$ ,  $\mu^-\mu^+$ )

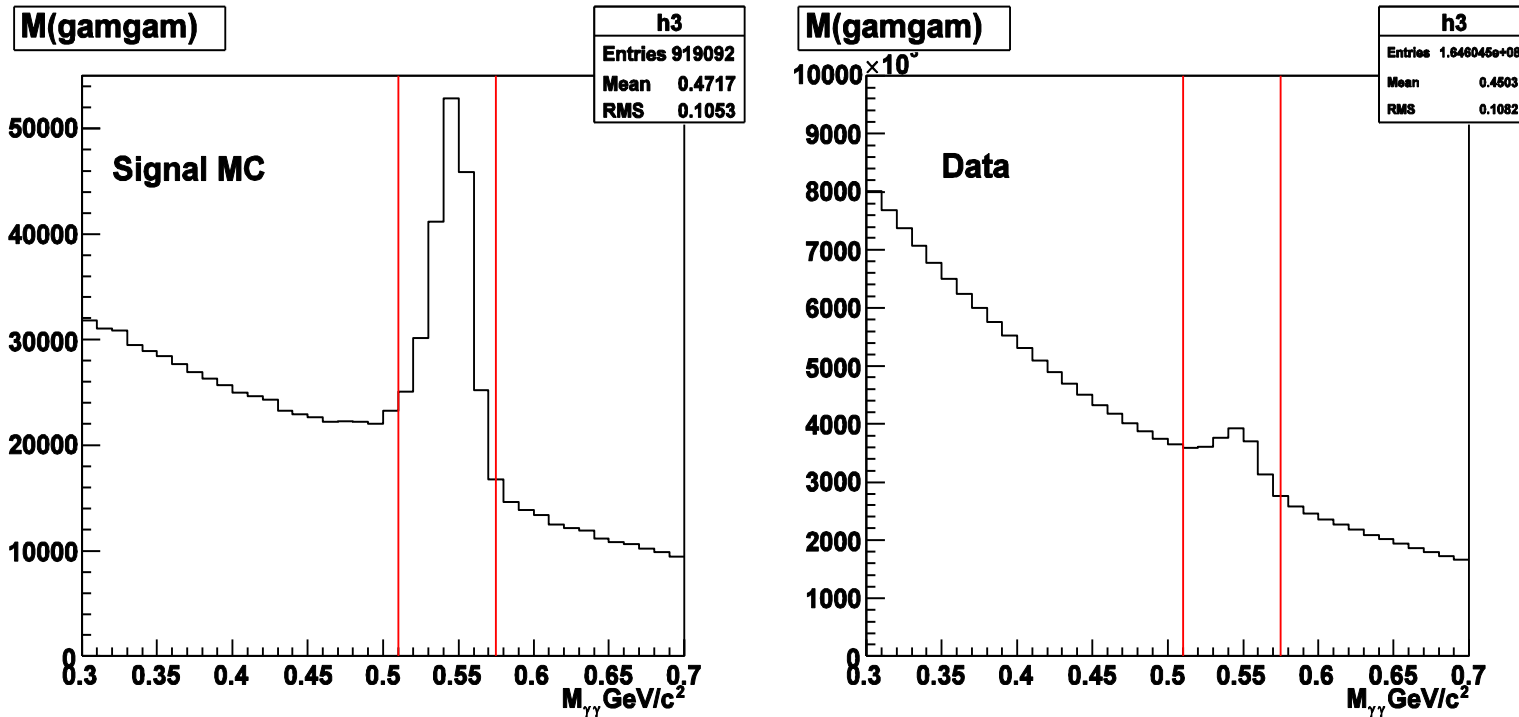


$$-0.15 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M_{J/\psi} - M_{ee} < 0.036 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$



$$-0.06 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M_{J/\psi} - M_{\mu\mu} < 0.036 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

# $\eta$ reconstruction



$\eta$  is reconstructed from  $\gamma\gamma$

➤ Energy balance  $A_E = \frac{|E_1 - E_2|}{E_1 + E_2} < 0.8$ , Energy threshold = 100 MeV

➤  $0.51 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M_{\gamma\gamma} < 0.575 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

(For  $\pi^0$  veto  $0.125 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M_{\gamma\gamma} < 0.140 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  was removed)

