

# Search for Anomalous Production of Multi-lepton Events at CDF

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for the CDF collaboration

*Joint Meeting of Pacific Region Particle Physics Communities*  
(APS-DPF2006 + JPS2006 ...)  
October 29 - November 03, 2006  
Sheraton Waikiki Hotel, Honolulu, Hawaii



## Outline

- Motivation
- $R_p V$  SUSY
- CDF & lepton detection
- Analysis
- Results



# Standard Model & Beyond

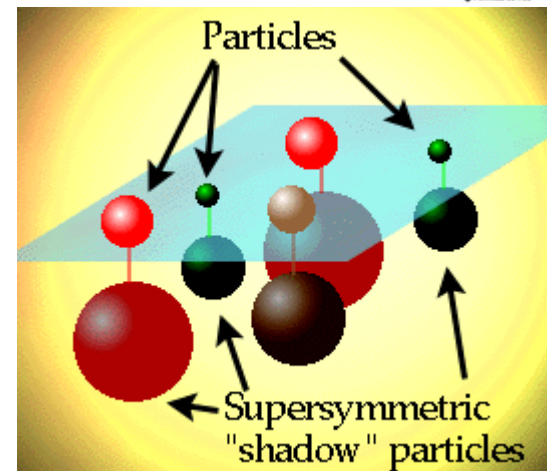
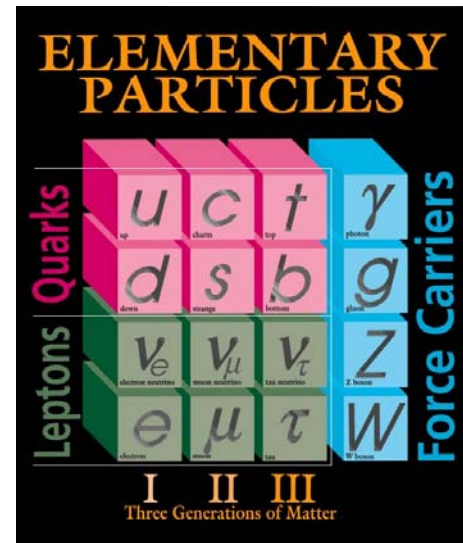


The SM agrees extraordinarily well with detector measurements, but is there more?

Many new physics models predict new particles at the electroweak scale ( $\sim 100 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ ).

For example, in Supersymmetry a new particle is predicted for every one in the SM with different mass and spin.

Fermions  $\longleftrightarrow$  Bosons

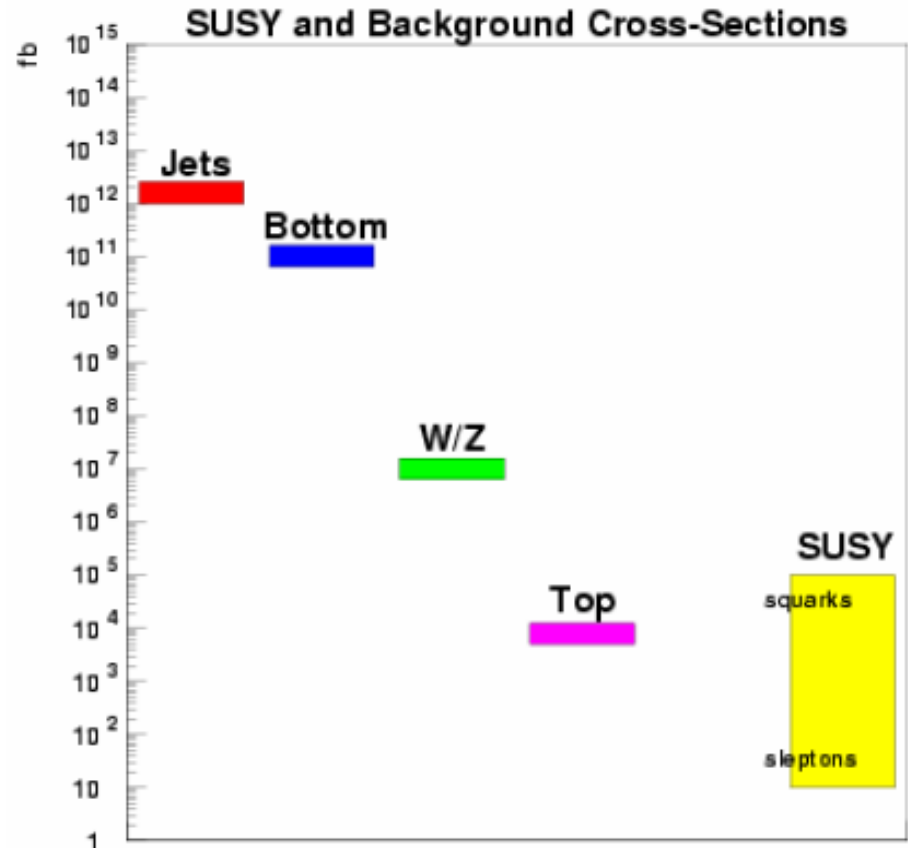




# Analysis Strategy



- Require a method to reduce backgrounds while preserving new physics signal.
- At the Tevatron, jet production rate  $\gg$  lepton production rate.
- Search for events with  $\geq 3$  charged leptons.
- Complements searches for leptons +  $\cancel{E}_T$ .
- Attempt to be as model independent as possible.
- Sensitive to  $R_p V$  SUSY, and other new physics models.






# R-Parity ( $R_p$ )



New quantum Number:

$$R_p = (-1)^{[3(B-L) + 2S]}$$

→ +1 for SM particles

→ -1 for  particles

B = baryon #, L = lepton #, S = spin

If  $R_p$  is conserved:

Lightest SUSY particle (LSP) is stable, dark matter candidate.  
SUSY particles are pair produced.



# R-Parity Violation ( $R_p V$ )

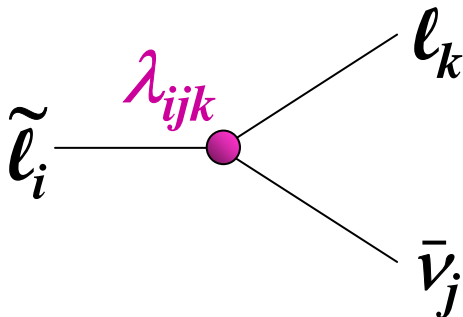


3 additional couplings:

$$W_{RPV} = \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k + \lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j \bar{D}_k + \lambda''_{ijk} \bar{U}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k$$

Violate lepton #

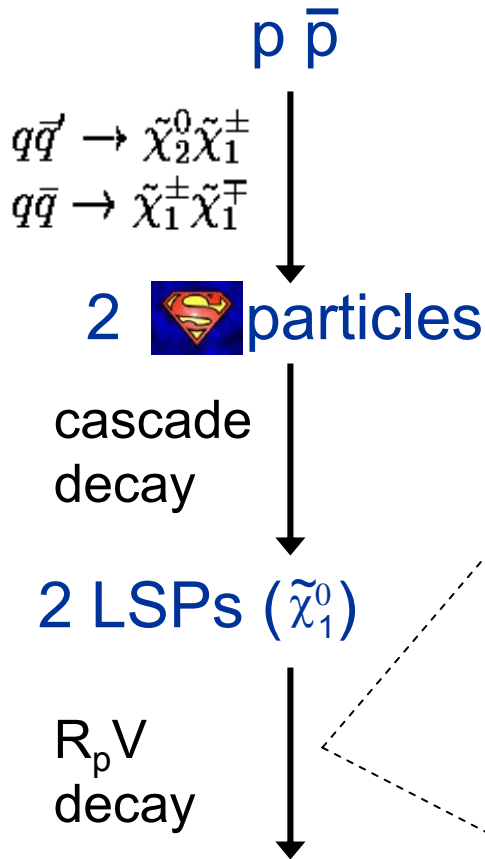
Violates baryon #



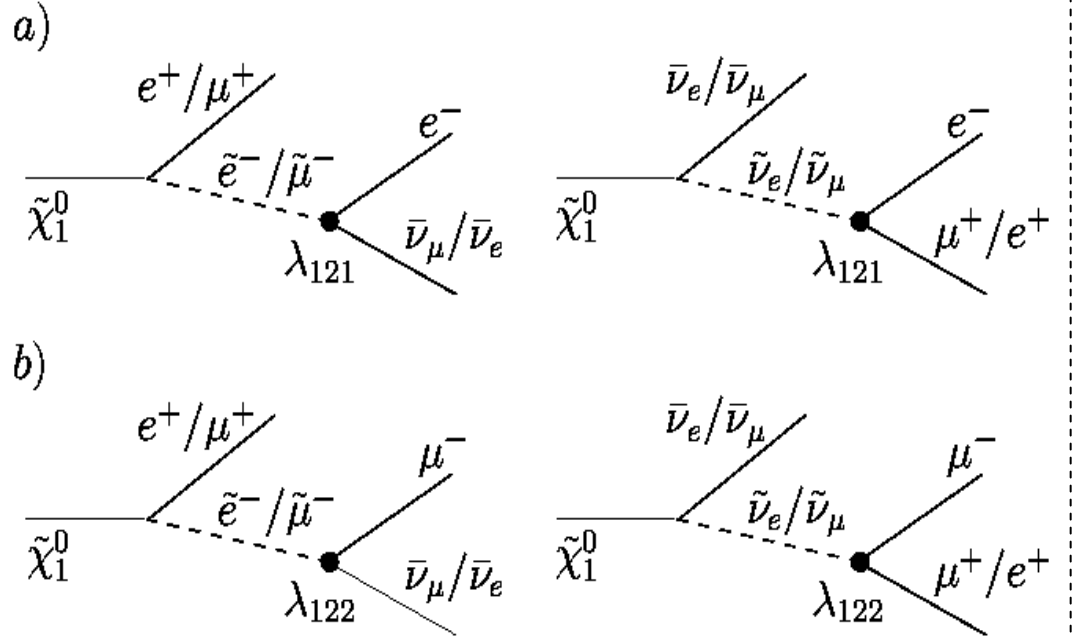
- Choose only  $L_i L_j \bar{E}_k$  term  $\neq 0$ , protecting proton lifetime.
- $|\lambda| < 0.1$ , only LSP decays via RpV coupling.



# $R_p V$ Decays



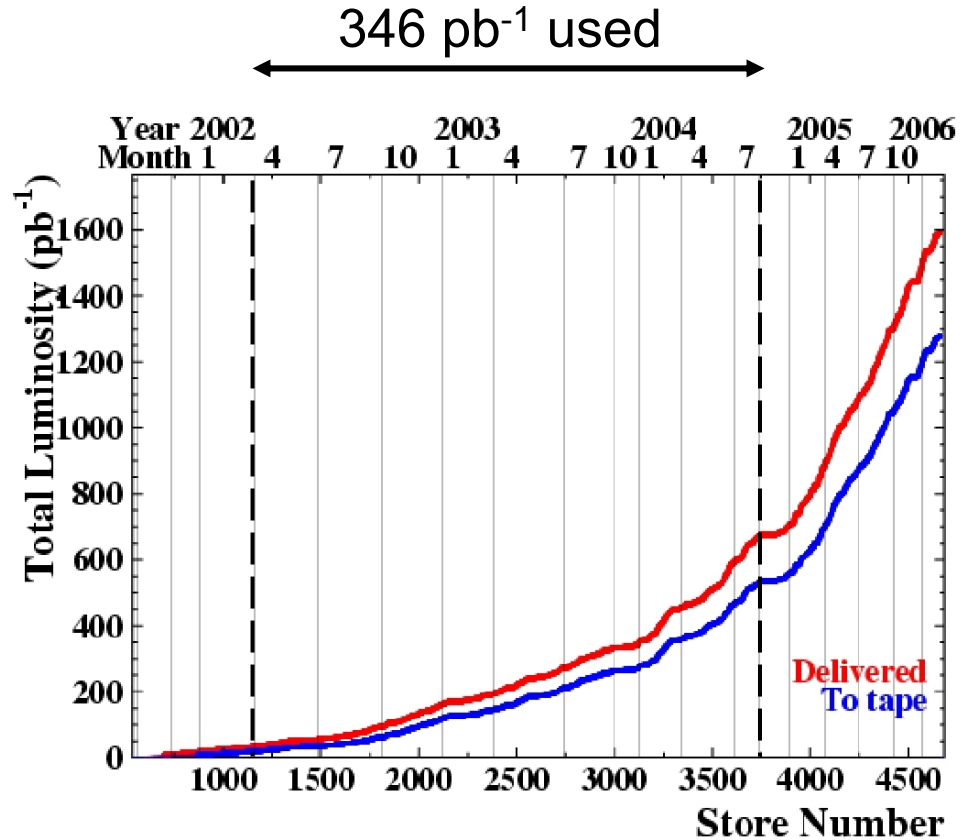
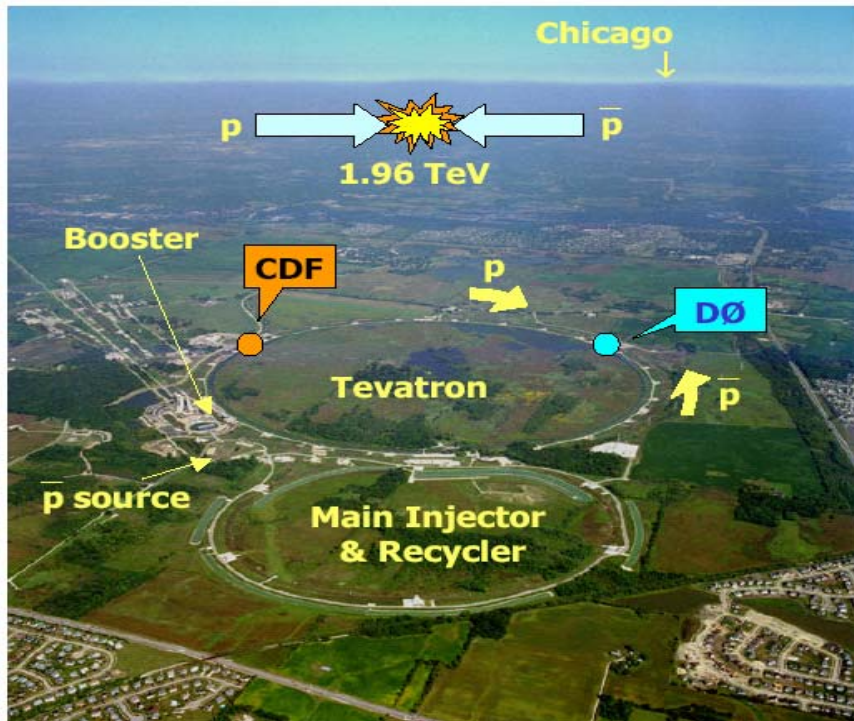
Most sensitive to  $\lambda_{121}$  and  $\lambda_{122}$ .



$\geq 4$  Charged Leptons



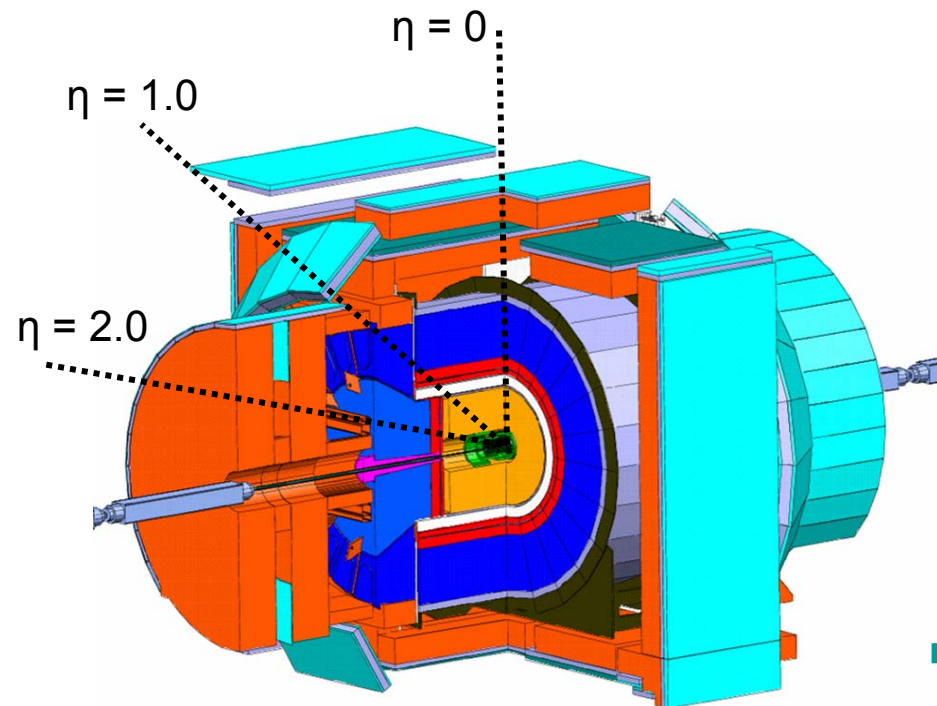
# Tevatron & Luminosity



Data taken from March 2002 – August 2004



# CDF Detector & Lepton ID



Calorimeter

Drift Chamber

Muon Detectors

- Electrons
  - Track + Calorimeter Cluster
  - 95% of energy in EM calorimeter
  - $|\eta| < 2.0$
- Muons
  - Track plus “stub” in muon detector
  - Minimum ionizing
  - $|\eta| < 1.0$
- Lepton ID important to analysis
  - Studied in data and MC
  - Efficient (~90%)
  - Probability that jets are misidentified as leptons is small ( $\lesssim 0.02\%$ )





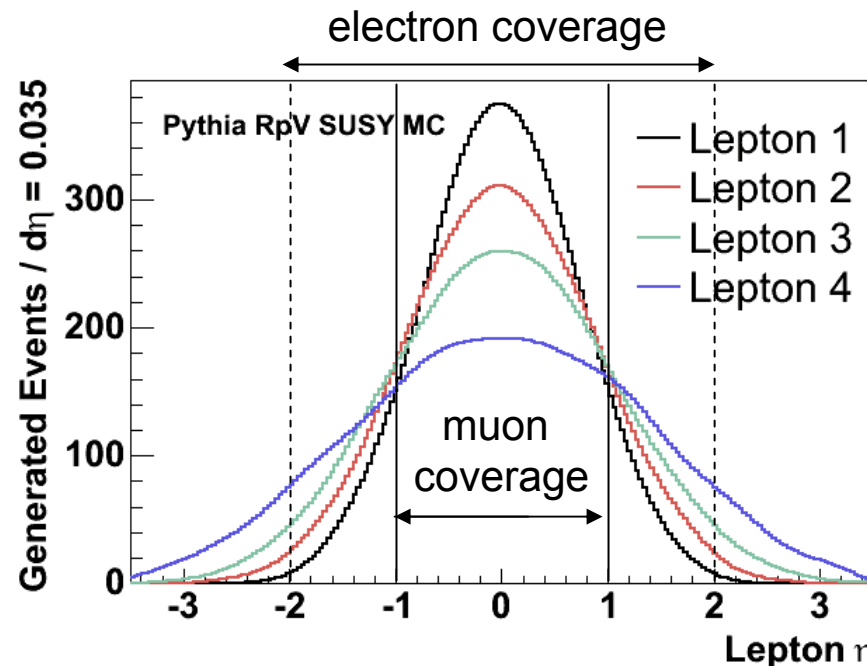
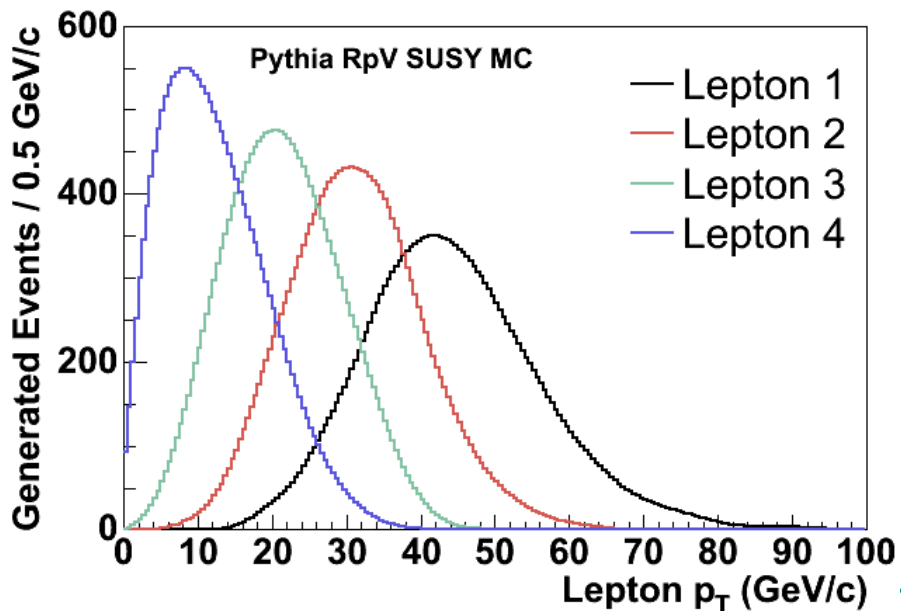
# MC Signal Distributions



Using mSUGRA framework

Analysis Reference Point:

$M_0$ (GeV)	$M_{1/2}$ (GeV)	$\tan\beta$	sign $\mu$	$A_0$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ (GeV)	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$ (GeV)	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ (GeV)	$\sigma$ (pb)
250	260	5	+	0	99.4	182.2	181.4	0.13





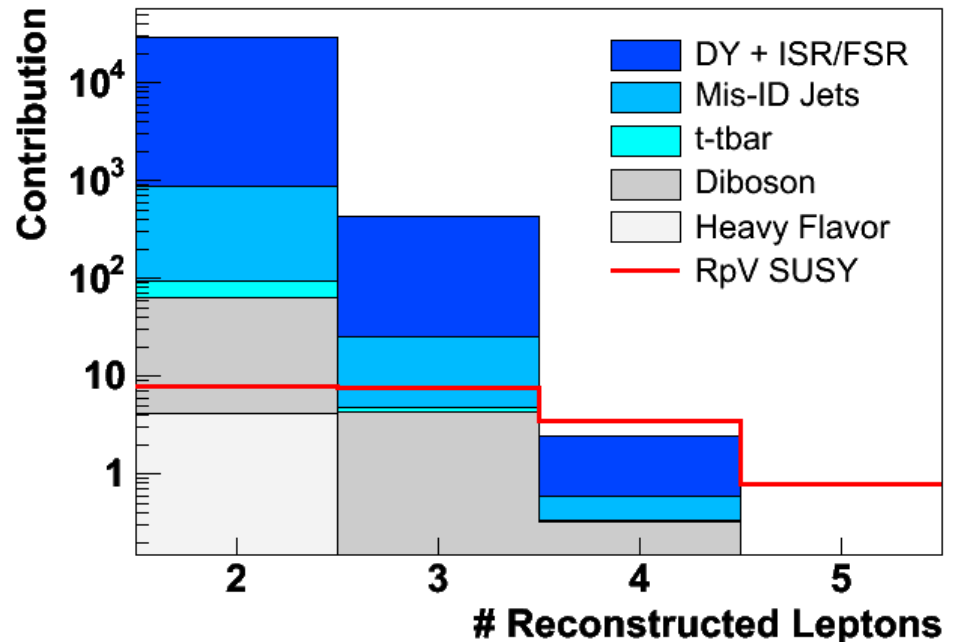
# Basic Event Selection



- Use high- $p_T$  lepton triggers ( $p_T > 18$  GeV/c).
- Lepton  $p_T$ s: 20, 8, 5, 5 GeV/c.
- Dominant background from DY, impose following cuts on opposite sign leptons:
  - Impose Z veto cut (76-106 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)
  - $|\Delta\phi| < 160^\circ$  cut.
- Require isolated leptons to reduce jet backgrounds.
- Low mass cut ( $> 15$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup>) to reduce heavy flavor, and low mass resonances.

Before Event Selection

Luminosity = 346 pb<sup>-1</sup>



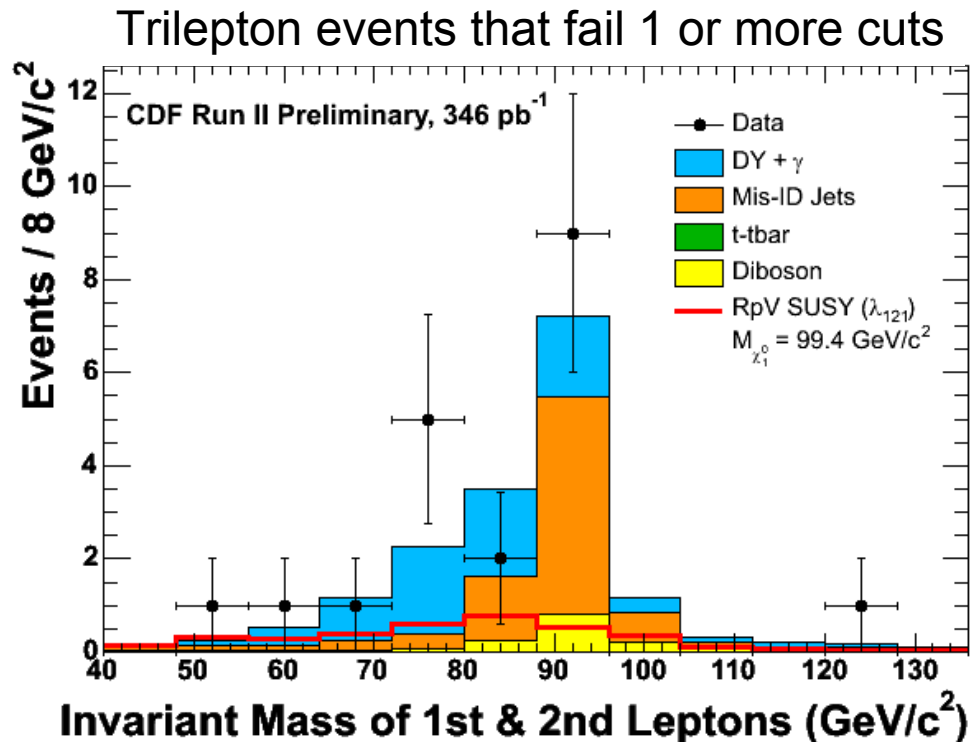
Events with > 3 leptons very clean!



# Validation

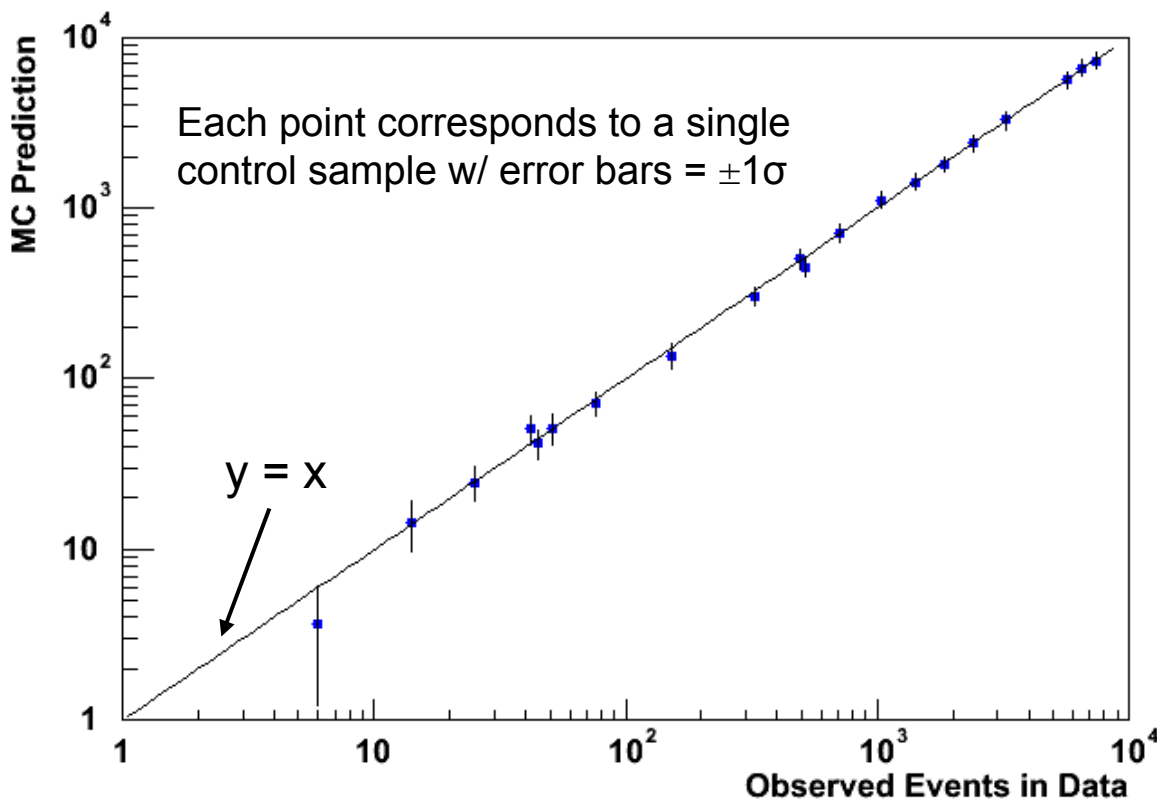


- Control samples are crucial to understanding our procedure
- Validate lepton ID efficiencies
- Validate selection cuts





# Control Sample Overview



- 26 total control samples (summary on left)
  - By lepton type
  - Inside & outside Z window
  - Number of leptons
  - Pass/Fail  $\Delta\phi$  cut
- Analysis procedure is validated through agreement between data and MC prediction



# Signal Samples



Trilepton Signal Samples		
Process	$\lambda_{121} (ell)$	$\lambda_{122} (\mu ll)$
$Z/\gamma^* + \gamma$	$2.1 \pm 0.8$	$1.2 \pm 1.0$
$Z/\gamma^* + W$	$0.2 \pm 0.1$	$0.1 \pm 0.1$
Fakes	$0.7 \pm 0.4$	$0.5 \pm 0.3$
Total Background	$3.1 \pm 0.9$	$1.9 \pm 1.0$
RpV SUSY ( $\lambda_{121}$ )	$3.8 \pm 0.4$	-----
RpV SUSY ( $\lambda_{122}$ )	-----	$4.0 \pm 0.4$
Data		

$\geq 4$ Lepton Signal Sample	
Process	Signal
$Z/\gamma^* + \gamma\gamma$	$0.001 \pm 0.001$
$Z/\gamma^* + Z/\gamma^*$	$0.004 \pm 0.002$
Fakes	$0.004 \pm 0.003$
Total Background	$0.008 \pm 0.004$
RpV SUSY ( $\lambda_{121}$ )	$1.5 \pm 0.2$
RpV SUSY ( $\lambda_{122}$ )	$1.5 \pm 0.3$

Very Clean Signature



# Signal Samples



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RpV SUSY ( $\lambda_{122}$ )	-----	$4.0 \pm 0.4$
<b>Data</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>

$\geq 4$ Lepton Signal Sample	
Process	Signal
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$Z/\gamma^* + Z/\gamma^*$	$0.004 \pm 0.002$
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RpV SUSY ( $\lambda_{122}$ )	$1.5 \pm 0.3$
<b>Data</b>	<b>0</b>

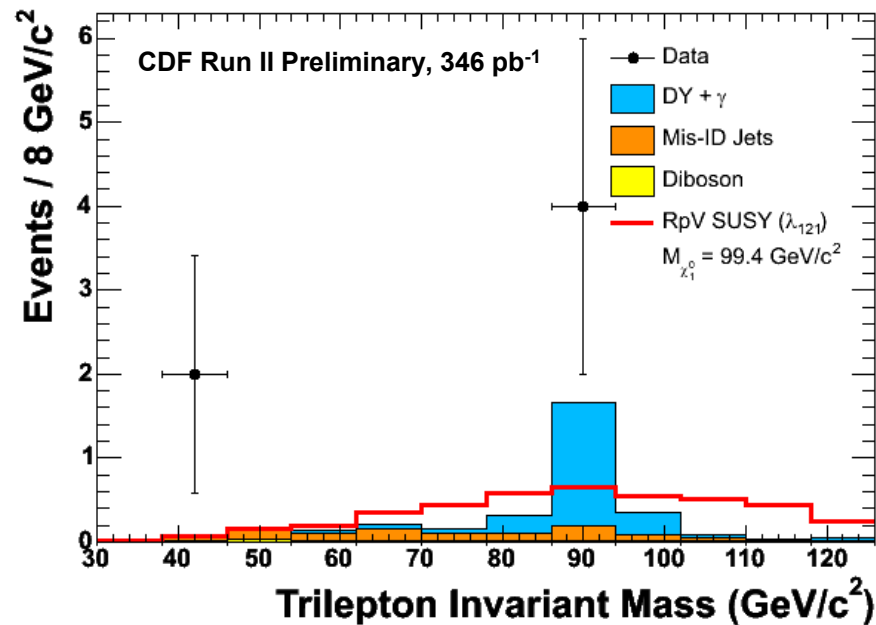
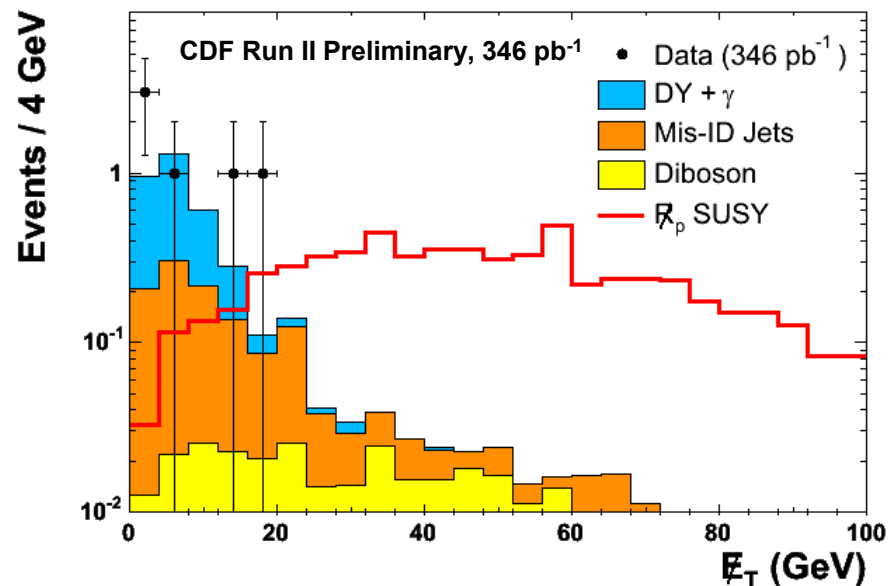
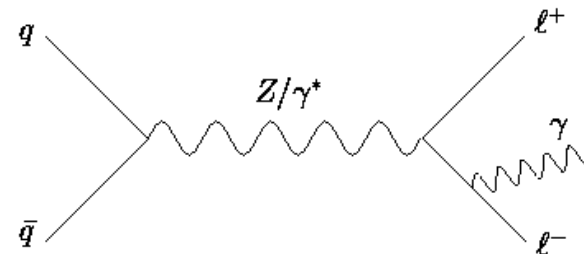
- Signal events: 4 eee, 1 ee $\mu$ , 1  $\mu\mu e$
- Probability of observing  $\geq 5$  events with 3.1 expected = 17%

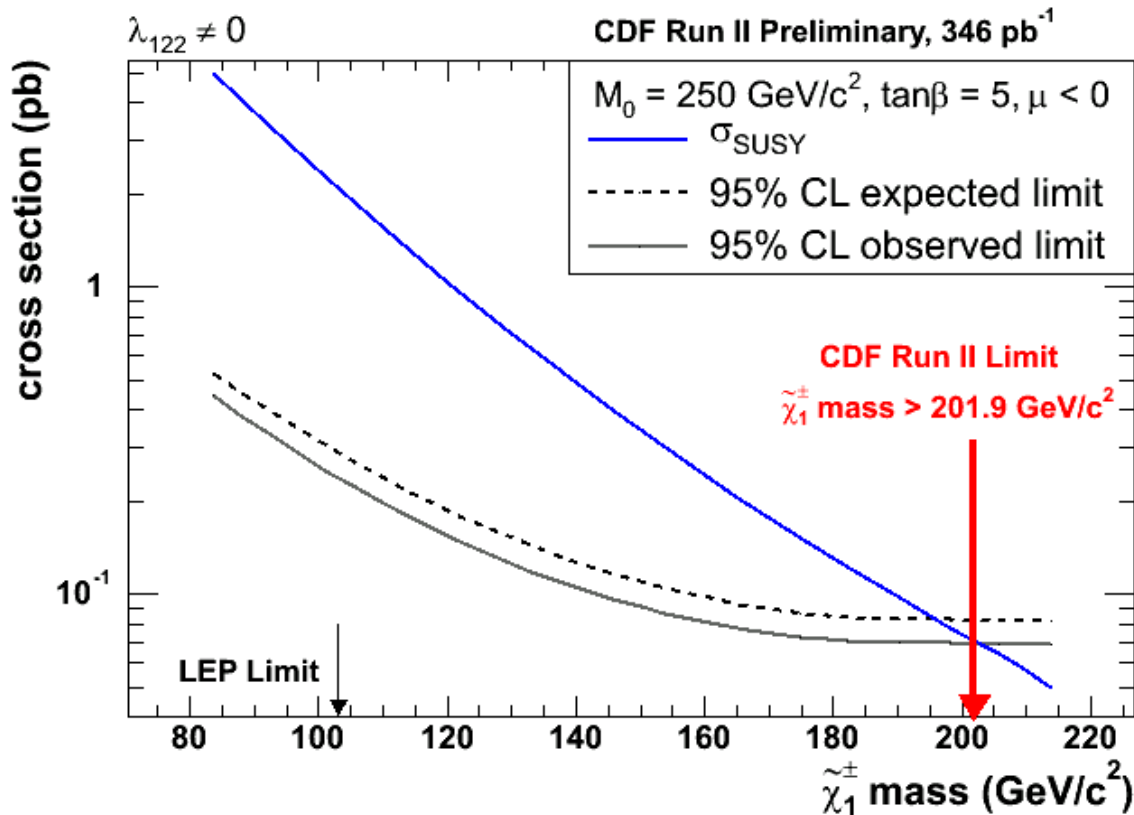


# Event Distributions



- 4 of the 6 events appear to be  $Z + \gamma$  events.
- 2 of the 6 events appear to have mis-ID jets.
- Consistent with background prediction.



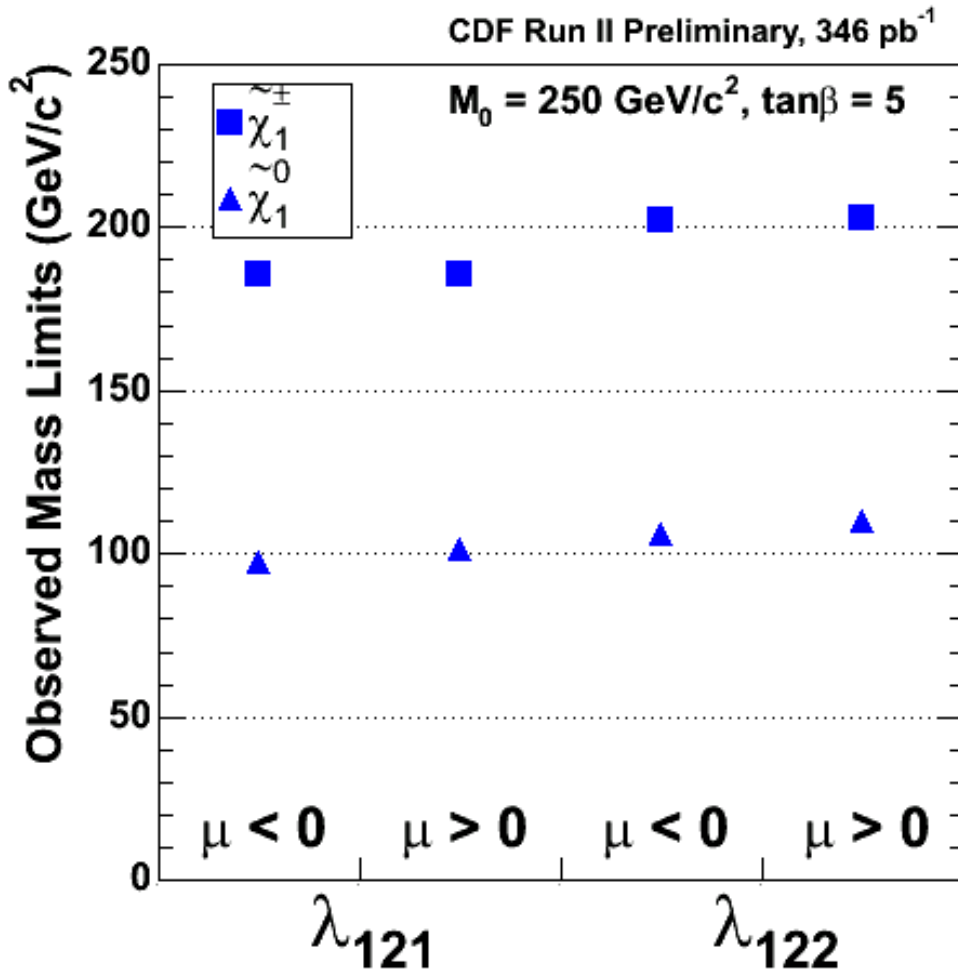


- Use Bayesian method to find  $\sigma_{\text{obs}}$ , combining 3 and  $\geq 4$  lepton signal samples.
- Set limits for both signs of  $\mu$ ,  $\lambda_{121}$ , and  $\lambda_{122}$ .





# Results



- Set limits on chargino and neutralino masses.

CDF Limits		
SUSY Scenario	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ (GeV/c <sup>2</sup> )	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ (GeV/c <sup>2</sup> )
$\lambda_{121}, \mu < 0$	98	186
$\lambda_{121}, \mu > 0$	102	185
$\lambda_{122}, \mu < 0$	106	202
$\lambda_{122}, \mu > 0$	110	203



# Conclusions



- We completed a search for new physics in the multilepton channel.
- We used a minimal amount of cuts to try and limit model dependence.
- No significant evidence of physics beyond the SM was detected.
- Limits on the lightest neutralino and chargino masses were set using an  $R_p V$  SUSY framework.
- The  $\geq 4$  lepton sample provides a promising new method to search for new physics with the higher luminosity currently being delivered to the Tevatron.

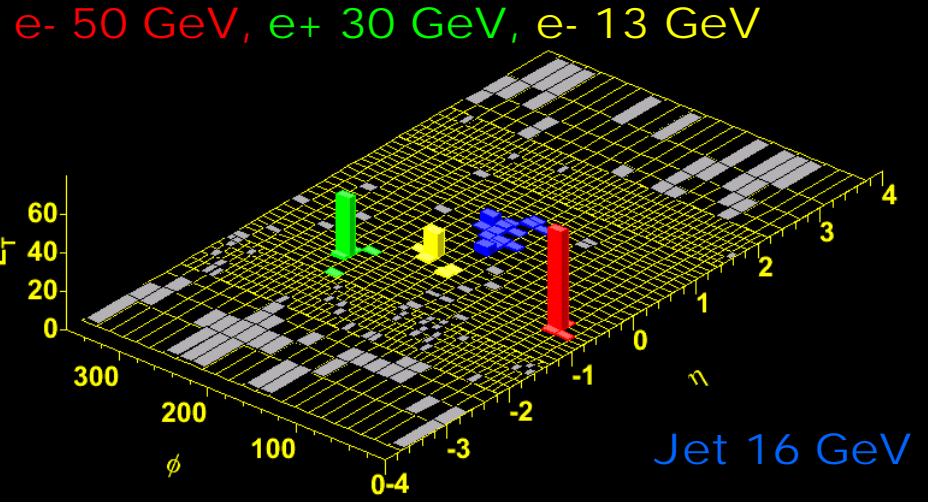
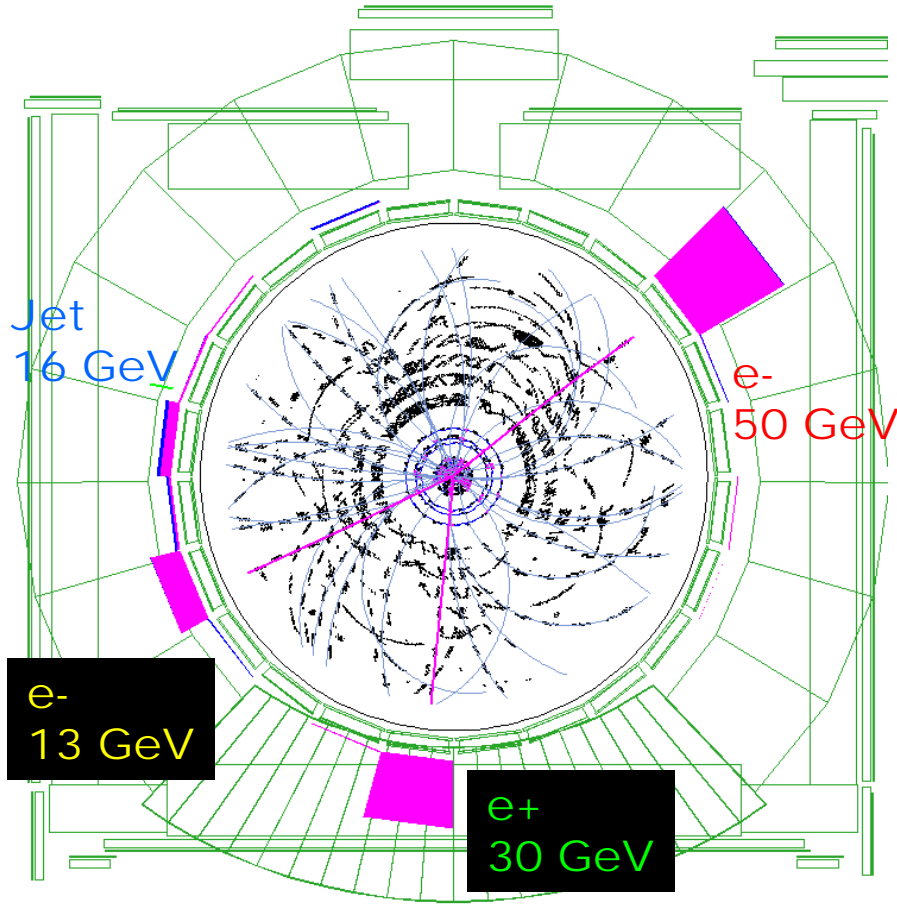


# Backup



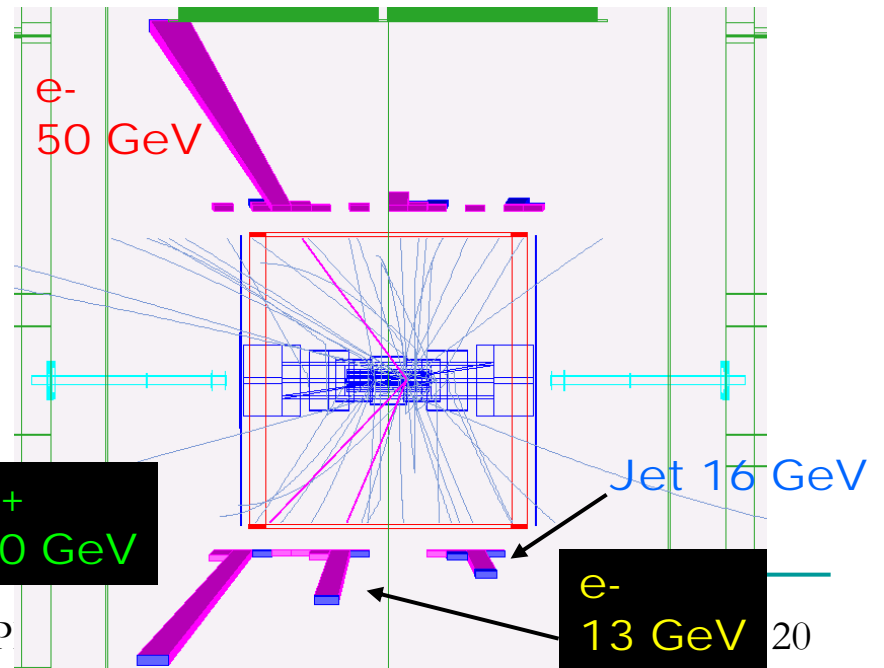


# Trilepton Event



Leading  $M_{ee} = 70 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$\cancel{E}_T = 1.5 \text{ GeV}$





## Limits

SUSY Scenario	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ (GeV/c <sup>2</sup> )		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ (GeV/c <sup>2</sup> )	
	expected	observed	expected	observed
$\lambda_{121}, \mu > 0$	105.0	101.5	191.9	185.3
$\lambda_{121}, \mu < 0$	101.1	97.7	192.2	185.6
$\lambda_{122}, \mu > 0$	107.7	110.4	197.5	202.7
$\lambda_{122}, \mu < 0$	102.7	106.3	195.3	201.9



# DØ Limits on $R_p$ V SUSY



DØ Limits		
SUSY Scenario	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ (GeV/c <sup>2</sup> )	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ (GeV/c <sup>2</sup> )
$\lambda_{122}, \mu > 0$	118	229
$\lambda_{122}, \mu < 0$	115	230
$\lambda_{121}, \mu > 0$	119	231
$\lambda_{121}, \mu < 0$	117	234