# Quantum Correlations in D<sup>o</sup>D<sup>o</sup> Decays at CLEO-c

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These results use CLEO-c data on the  $\psi$ ", 281 pb<sup>-1</sup>, which corresponds to 1 million D<sup>0</sup>D<sup>0</sup> pairs.

#### What are we measuring?

- x, y: D<sup>0</sup>-D<sup>0</sup> mixing amplitudes

- r: Kπ DCSD to CF amplitude

- CF: u  $\pi^+$  $W^+$ d С S K⁻  $D^0$ U u DCSD: u  $W^+$ K+ S d С  $D^0$  $\pi$ U Mixing box diagram: d,s,b U — D<sup>0</sup>  $D^0$ С U d,s,b
- $\delta_{\kappa\pi}$ : K $\pi$  DCSD to CF relative phase

#### How can we measure them?

These quantities can be measured in various ways:

- in  $D^{*_+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$  the charge of the slow pion determines  $D^0$  or  $\overline{D^0}$ . Rates can be measured since we know the charm of the parent D.
- in  $\psi(3770) \rightarrow D^0\overline{D^0}$ , the pairs are C = -1, so indistinguishable final states interfere, and rates are more sensitive to mixing. These coherent pairs allow for a simultaneous fit to yields to determine x, y,  $\cos\delta_{\kappa\pi}$ , and DCSD rate. This is our method.

#### CLEO-c: TQCA

$$ee \rightarrow \gamma^* \rightarrow D^0 \overline{D^0}$$
 is  $C = -1$ 

We use:

- Flavor tags: hadronic decay to non-CP eigenstate. CF or DCSD are possible. We use  $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$  (f) and  $\overline{D^0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$  (f).
- CP tags: hadronic decay to state of definite CP. We use

$$\begin{array}{l} D^{0}/D^{0} \rightarrow K_{s} \ \pi^{0} \qquad (CP-) \\ D^{0}/\overline{D^{0}} \rightarrow K^{+}K^{-} \qquad (CP+) \\ D^{0}/\overline{D^{0}} \rightarrow \pi^{+} \ \pi^{-} \qquad (CP+) \\ D^{0}/\overline{D^{0}} \rightarrow K_{s} \ \pi^{0} \ \pi^{0} \ (CP+) \end{array}$$

Semileptonics: inclusive, decay of form  $D^0 \rightarrow X e^- \overline{v}$  (I-). Charge of lepton always tells us charm of parent D.

## CLEO-c: TQCA

- We measure yields for:
  - f / f opposite anything, CP+/- opposite anything. These are single tags.
  - All combinations of f / f opposite CP+/-, f / f opposite f / f , and CP+/- opposite CP+/-. These are hadronic double tags.
  - Semileptonic opposite f / f and semileptonic opposite CP+/-. These are semileptonic double tags.
- Fit inputs: 6 hadronic single tag yields, 14 hadronic double tag yields, 10 semileptonic double tag yields, efficiencies, crossfeeds, background branching fractions and efficiencies.
- Use fitter from CLEO-c *D* absolute hadronic branching fraction analysis [physics/0503050].
- **Fit outputs**: y, r<sup>2</sup>, r(2cos $\delta_{K\pi}$ ), R<sub>M</sub>, and branching fractions for f, each CP mode, and X e<sup>-</sup> $\overline{\nu}$
- Limiting statistics: CP tags
- Procedure tested with *CP*-correlated Monte Carlo, where existing non-QC MC was reweighted to mimic quantum correlation.

#### Rate enhancement factors CP+CP-/+ **Forbidden unless** mixing $R_{M} = (x^2 + y^2)/2$ $R_{M}/r^{2}$ r = Ampl(DCS)/Ampl(CF) $\overline{f}$ $1+r^{2}(2-(2\cos\delta)^{2})$ Forbidden by CP /conservation CP+ $1+r (2cos\delta)$ ()Maximal Interference, sensitive to correlations **Isolated decay rates** both DCSD amplitude and strong phase 1-*r* (2cosδ) 2 $\mathbf{0}$ Single tags X $1 + ry (2cos\delta)$ <u>1-</u>*y* 1+y1

To 1<sup>st</sup> order. If no quantum correlation, all entries would be 1. See PRD 73 034024 (2006) [hep-ph/0507238] by Asner and Sun

# Hadronic Single Tags

- Standard D reconstruction.
- Cut on  $\Delta E$ , fit M<sub>BC</sub> distribution to signal and background shapes. (M<sub>BC</sub>: Beam Constrained Mass. M<sub>BC</sub> = sqrt( $E^2_{beam} - p^2_{D}$ ))
- Eff<u>ici</u>encies from (uncorrelated) DD Monte Carlo simulations.
- Peaking backgrounds for:
   Kπ from K/πp article ID swap.
   Modes with K<sup>0</sup><sub>s</sub> from non-resonant π<sup>+</sup>π<sup>-</sup>

Mode	ε (%)	% bkg	Signal Yield (10 <sup>3</sup> )
<i>K</i> -π⁺	65.7 ± 0.1	0.13	$26.0 \pm 0.2$
<i>K</i> ⁺π⁻	66.7 ± 0.1	0.14	26.3 ± 0.2
<i>K</i> -K⁺	58.9 ± 0.2	0.00	4.70 ± 0.08
$\pi^{-}\pi^{+}$	73.5 ± 0.3	0.00	2.13 ± 0.12
<i>Κ</i> <sup>0</sup> <sub>S</sub> π <sup>0</sup> π <sup>0</sup>	14.6 ± 0.1	13.8	3.58 ± 0.17
K <sup>0</sup> <sub>S</sub> π <sup>0</sup>	31.4 ± 0.1	2.2	8.06 ± 0.11

#### Single Tags in Data



#### Hadronic Double Tags

- Cut and count in  $M_{BC1}$  vs.  $M_{BC2}$  plane, define three sidebands.
- Uncorrelated background: one *D* misreconstructed (sometimes both).
  - Signal/sideband scale factor: integrate background function from ST fits.
- Mispartition background: particles mis-assigned between  $D^{\circ}$  and  $\overline{D^{\circ}}$ .

#### **Double Tags in Simulation**



# **Double Tags in Data**

Enhancement

No QC Data		K-K+		π-π+ CP+	$K_s \pi^0 \pi^0$	K	<sub>3</sub> π <sup>0</sup> CP-		
K-K+	0	5.2±0. -2.2±1	4 .9	4.5±0.3 0.1±0.9	5.7±0.4 1.6±1.3	1 3	6.0±0.6 9.6±6.3	Ţ	
π-π+	P +			1.1±0.2 0.2±1.4	2.2±0.2 1.6±1.3	1	5.8±0.4 4.0±3.7	,	
$K_s \pi^0 \pi^0$		Consis	stent w	vith zero	1.2±0.2 1.0±1.0	7 1	′.3±0.4 9.0±4.4		
K <sub>s</sub> π <sup>0</sup>	D_					9 3	).7±0.5 3.0±1.7		

CP tags vs CP tags clearly shows Quantum Correlation

# Inclusive Semileptonic Double Tags

- Tag one side with Kπ or CP+/-, search for electron in remainder of event.
- Fit electron spectrum for signal and background.
  - gamma conversion, π<sup>0</sup> Dalitz decay: charge symmetric.
  - Mis-ID: hadrons faking electrons.
  - Mis-tag: estimate from tag-side  $M_{\rm BC}$ - $\Delta E$  sideband.
- Require right-sign electron charge for  $K\pi$  tag.
- Efficiency correction in bins of  $p_e$ .

Tag	E	ε <sub>e</sub> (%)	% bkg	Signal Yield
$K^{-}\pi^{+}$	-	72.9	5.2	1206 ± 35
$K^{\scriptscriptstyle +}\pi^{\scriptscriptstyle -}$	4	71.9	2.8	1291 ± 36
<i>K</i> - <i>K</i> +		69.1	23.2	145 ± 12
<i>K</i> - <i>K</i> +	+	69.0	34.8	136 ± 12
$\pi^-\pi^+$		70.0	28.2	78 ± 9
$\pi^-\pi^+$	+	70.2	29.0	55 ± 7
$K^0{}_S\pi^0\pi^0$		69.2	43.8	146 ± 12
$K^{0}{}_{S}\pi^{0}\pi^{0}$	+	69.1	65.9	140 ± 12
$K^0{}_S\pi^0$		69.2	8.2	231 ± 15
$K^0{}_{S}\pi^0$	4	75.1	19.1	221 ± 15

#### Semileptonics

- Opposite flavor tags: very clean, low mis-tag background, almost no mis-ID as only right sign electrons are counted.

- Opposite CP tags: more mis-tags, and have mis-ID background.



#### Systematic Uncertainties

- Mixing/DCS parameters determined from ST/DT double ratios:
  - Correlated systematics cancel (tracking/ $\pi^0/K_s^0$  efficiencies).
  - Different systematics from branching fraction measurements.
- Uncorrelated systematic uncertainties included in the fit:
  - Yield fit variation.
  - Possible contribution from C=+1 initial state.
     Can limit with CP+/CP+, CP-/CP- double tags—forbidden for C=-1.
     Data provides self-calibration of initial state.
  - Signal yields have peaking backgrounds of opposite CP or flavor  $\rightarrow$  bias in estimates from uncorrelated MC.
  - Possible bias from *CP*-correlated MC test.

Full systematic error analysis in progress.

Currently,  $\sigma_{syst} \sim \sigma_{stat}$ .

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Parameter	CLEC
У	-0.057
۲ <sup>2</sup>	(-2.8±
r(2cos $\delta_{\kappa\pi}$ )	0.130
R <sub>M</sub>	(1.74
$B(D{\rightarrow}K\pi)$	(3.80:
$B(D \rightarrow K^+K^-)$	(0.357
$B(D{ ightarrow}\pi^{+}\pi^{-})$	(0.12
$B(D \rightarrow K_s \pi^0 \pi^0)$	(0.932
$B(D \rightarrow K_s \pi^0)$	(1.27
B(D⁰→Xev)	(6.21
	Erro
	Parameter y $r^2$ $r(2cos\delta_{\kappa\pi})$ $R_M$ $B(D\rightarrow K\pi)$ $B(D\rightarrow K^+K^-)$ $B(D\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$ $B(D\rightarrow K_s\pi^0\pi^0)$ $B(D\rightarrow K_s\pi^0)$

D TQCA PDG or CLEOc 7±0.066±?  $0.008 \pm 0.005$ £6.9±?)x10<sup>-2</sup> (3.74±0.18)x10<sup>-3</sup> First measurement of ±0.082±?  $cos\delta_{\kappa\pi}$ ±1.47±\?)x10⁻₃ < ~1x10<sup>-3</sup> ±0.029±\?)% (3.91±0.12)% 7±0.029±१)% (0.389±0.012)% 5±0.011±?)% (0.138±0.005)% 2±0.087±?)% (0.89±0.41)%  $\pm 0.09 \pm ?)\%$ (1.55±0.12)% ±0.42±?\% (6.46±0.21)%

Errors are statistical only

# Summary and Future Plans

- Obviously still preliminary, but very promising
- Systematics look tractable (< stats)
- Number of CP tags is limit so working on adding more
- Determination of x needs C = +1 initial state from running above the  $\psi$ "
- Add CP modes ( $K_{s}\eta$ ,  $K_{s}\omega$ ,  $K_{L}\pi^{0}$ )
- Ultimate sensitivity with projected CLEO-c data set y ±0.012, x<sup>2</sup>±0.0006,  $cos\delta_{\kappa\pi}$  ±0.13, x( $sin\delta_{\kappa\pi}$ ) ±0.024

	Definition	Current knowledge (PDG)
У	$(\Gamma_2 - \Gamma_1)/2\Gamma =$ B(CP+)-B(CP-)	0.008 ± 0.005
X	$(M_2-M_1)/\Gamma$ sensitive to NP	x' < 0.018
R <sub>M</sub>	(x <sup>2</sup> +y <sup>2</sup> )/2	< ~1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
r	$K\pi$ DCS-to-CF rel. amplitude	$0.061 \pm 0.001$
<b>r</b> δ	$K\pi$ DCS-to-CF rel. amplitude $K\pi$ DCS-to-CF relative phase	$0.061 \pm 0.001$ $\pi$ (weak) + ? (strong)
r δ z	$K\pi$ DCS-to-CF rel. amplitude $K\pi$ DCS-to-CF relative phase <b>2cos</b> $\delta$	$0.061 \pm 0.001$ $\pi$ (weak) + ? (strong) None

#### References:

Goldhaber, Rosner: **PRD 15, 1254 (1977).** Xing: **PRD 55, 196 (1997).** Gronau, Grossman, Rosner: **hep-ph/0103110**. Atwood, Petrov: **PRD 71, 054032 (2005)**. Asner, Sun: **hep-ph/0507238**.