Top Mass in Dileptonic Channel using Kinematic Method at CDF

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DPF + JPS 2006 Meeting October 29 – November 3, 2006 Honolulu, Hawaii



Introduction

- Top mass fundamental SM parameter:
 * tests SM predictions
 * important in radiative corrections
 * constrains SM Higgs mass
- Top mass close to scale of electroweak symmetry breaking
- Constraints on SYSY models



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Tevatron and CDF





Tevatron record instantanous luminosity: 2.3*10³² cm⁻²s⁻¹
CDF has collected 1.6 fb⁻¹ data
This analysis uses 1.0 fb⁻¹

Top decay



- Top mass measurements use pair produced top quarks
- Dilepton channel:
 *both W-bosons decay leptonically
- Experimental signature:
 *two charged leptons
 *at least two jets
 *missing energy

Top decay channels

Dileptonic events: 5% BR in total

- + clean signature
- + only two possible parton-jet assignments
- lowest statistics
- two neutrinos in final state ⇒
 under-constraint system for fitting of top mass
- Discrepancy between top mass measurements in different channels could indicate new physics



Event selection

Events selected by requiring:
 ★2 isolated leptons (e,µ) with p_T > 2GeV
 ★2 or more jets with E_T > 15 GeV
 ★missing E_T > 25 GeV
 ★two leptons must be oppositely charged and not from Z boson
 ★H_T > 200 GeV



Process	N events (1.0 fb ⁻¹)
WW	3.75±0.97
WZ	1.29±0.21
Drell-Yan	10.9 ± 4.38
Z→ττ	2.22 ± 0.53
Fakes	8.74±1.50
Total background	26.9±4.76
Signal ($\sigma_{ m tt}$ =6.7 pb)	50.2±1.72
Total expected	77.1±5.45
Observed	78

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Mass reconstruction method

- ◆ 6 particles in final state ⇒
 kinematics fully specified by 24
 quantities
- Due to neutrinos in final state, we are only able to write 23 equations
- ◆ Under-constrained system for fitting of top mass ⇒ need an extra assumption

$p_x^{ u} + p_x^{ar{ u}}$	=	$ \not\!$
$p_y^ u + p_y^{ar u}$	=	$\not\!$
m_t	=	$m_{ar{t}}$
$m_{W^{\pm}}$	=	$80.4~{ m GeV}/c^2$
$m_{m u}$	=	0
$ec{p_b}+ec{p_{W^+}}$	=	$ec{p_t}$
$ec{p_{ar{b}}}+ec{p_{W^{-}}}$	=	$ec{p_{ar{t}}}$
$ec{p_{l^+}}+ec{p_ u}$	=	$ec{p}_{W^+}$
$ec{p}_{l^-}+ec{p}_{ar{ u}}$	=	$ec{p}_W$ -

Mass reconstruction method



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Mass reconstruction method

- Smear $P_z^{t\bar{t}}$, jet energies and missing E_T in the allowed phase space
- Perform kinematic reconstruction of m_t at each point using Newton's method
- For each event, we associate "raw top mass" as the MPV of spline fit



Signal templates

- Generate signal templates with different top masses
 ** "raw top masses" from* several events
- Parametrized with combination of Gaussian and Landau function
 **function of reconstructed and true top mass*



normalized signal templates

Background template

 Background template function of reconstructed top mass

Background processes:
★WW 14%
★WZ 4.8%
★Drell-Yan 41%
★Z→ $\tau\tau$ 8.3%
★Fakes 32%

 Expected number of background events in 1.0 fb⁻¹: 16.4 events



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Pseudo-experiments

Method tested with pseudo-experiments and blind samples
 method is unbiased



Pseudo-experiments

Method tested with pseudo-experiments and blind samples
 **error returned by method is almost correct, correct it with 1.033 scale factor*



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Systematic uncertainties

CDF Run II preliminary

Source	$\Delta M_{top} \; ({\rm GeV}/c^2)$
Jet Energy Scale	3.2
B-jet energy scale	0.6
Generators	0.6
ISR	0.6
\mathbf{FSR}	0.3
\mathbf{PDFs}	0.5
Signal statistics	0.4
Background shape	1.6
Background statistics	1.2
Multiple interactions	0.2
Lepton energy scale	0.4
Total	4.0

Extracted top mass

CDF Run II preliminary (1.0 fb⁻¹)

 1.0 fb⁻¹ of data collected by CDF:
 *64 events pass event selection and mass reconstruction



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Expected statistical error

- Pseudo-experiments with observed number of events (64)
- 33% of pseudoexperiments return smaller statistical error than the measured statistical error



Future prospects

- Improvements on method:
 *use b-tagging
 *optimized parameters
 *more under study
- Most systematic uncertainties improve with more data and/or better method
- Measurement is becoming systematics limited



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Conclusions

- It is important to measure top mass in all decay channels
 ** discrepancy between measurements could indicate new physics*
- Dileptonic events under-constrained for top mass measurement
 * mass reconstruction possible using top mass dependent distribution
 * we use P_z^{tt̄}
- Extracted top mass from 1 fb⁻¹ using kinematic method at CDF:

CDF Run II Preliminary

 $M_{top} = 168.1^{+5.6}_{-5.5}({
m stat.}) \pm 4.0({
m syst.}) \quad {
m GeV/c^2}$

Interesting times to come

kimproved mass extraction technique and more data will make measurement more precise

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Backup

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Event displays

electron-electron candidate event



Likelihood fit

- Final top mass estimate from likelihood fit of the data to the templates
- Fit parameters: number of signal events, number of background events and top mass

$$\mathcal{L}_{sample} \equiv \mathcal{L}_{shape} \times \mathcal{L}_{bg}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{shape} \equiv \frac{e^{-(n_s + n_b)}(n_s + n_b)^N}{N!} \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{n_s \times f_s(m_{t_i}^{rec}, m_t^{orig}) + n_b \times f_b(m_{t_i}^{rec})}{n_s + n_b}$$

$$-\ln \mathcal{L}_{bg} \equiv \frac{(n_b - n_b^{exp})^2}{2\sigma_{n_b}^2}$$

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