

Search for Supersymmetry in Trilepton Final States with the D0 detector



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on behalf of the D0 Collaboration
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ALBERT-LUDWIGS-
UNIVERSITÄT FREIBURG



bmb+f - Förderschwerpunkt

Elementarteilchenphysik

Großgeräte der physikalischen
Grundlagenforschung

- SUSY, Tri-lepton & Like Sign final states
- ee+track analysis
- Like Sign Muon analysis
- Limits
- Conclusions and Outlooks



SUSY

- The Standard Model (SM) is believed not to be a fundamental theory and Super Symmetry is one possible extension to the SM
- Super symmetric particles and their SM partners differ in spin by 1/2.

Quark	q	Squark	\tilde{q}_R, \tilde{q}_L	
Lepton	l	Slepton	\tilde{l}_R, \tilde{l}_L	
Neutrino	ν	Sneutrino	$\tilde{\nu}$	
Photon	γ	Photino	$\tilde{\gamma}$	} 4 Neutralinos $\tilde{\chi}^0$
W-,Z-Boson	W^\pm, Z	Wino, Zino	\tilde{W}^\pm, \tilde{Z}	
Higgs	H^\pm, H^0	Higgsino	$\tilde{H}_1^0, \tilde{H}_2^+$ $\tilde{H}_1^-, \tilde{H}_2^0$	} 2x 2 Charginos $\tilde{\chi}^\pm$
Gluon	g	Gluino	\tilde{g}	

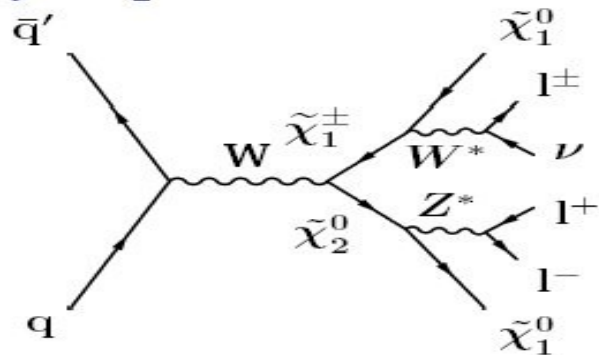
- **mSUGRA**: SUSY model with few parameters at GUT scale:

- **m_0** : Masses of scalars -> sfermion masses
- **$m_{1/2}$** : mass of fermions
- **$\tan\beta$** : ratio of Higgs vacuum expectation values
- **μ** : Higgsino mass parameter
- **A** : trilinear coupling (Higgs-Sfermion_L-Sfermion_R)

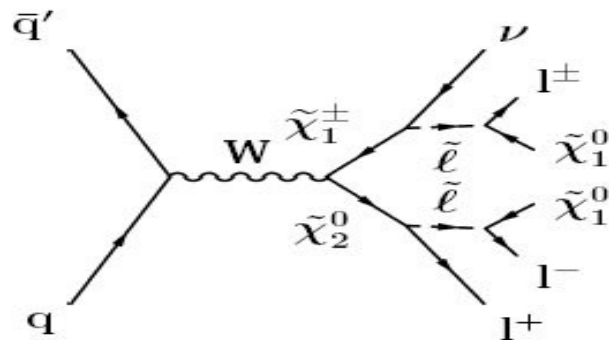


THREE LEPTON FINAL STATE

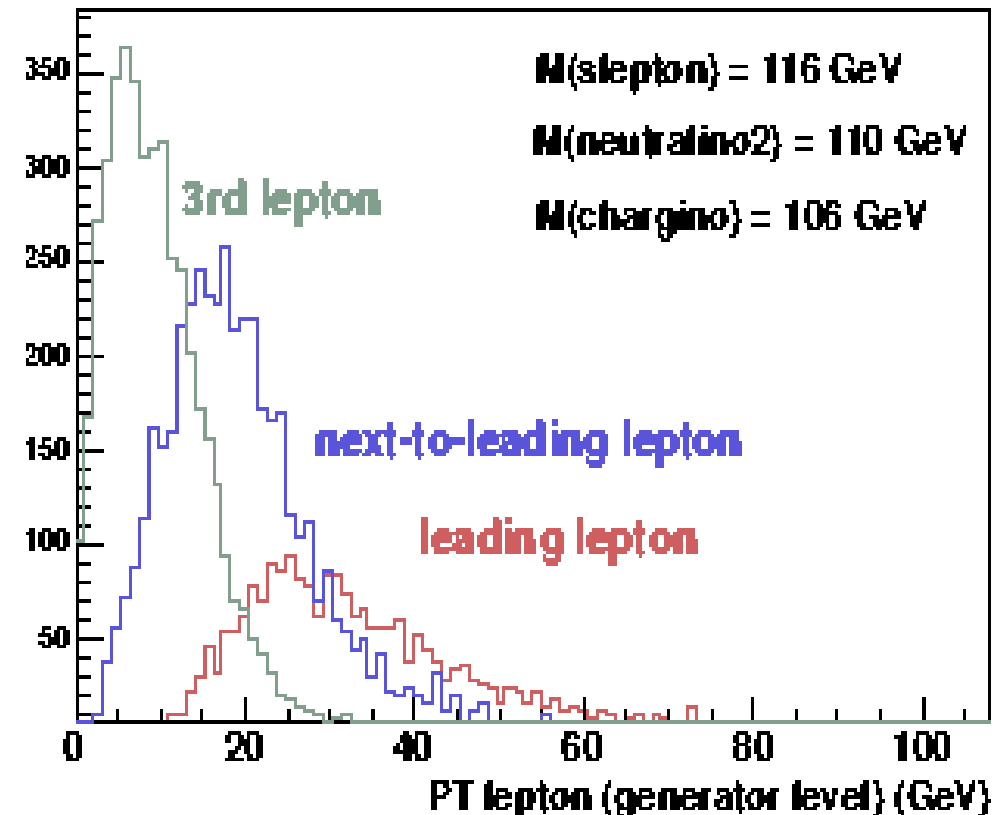
Heavy sleptons:



Light sleptons:



- charginos and neutralinos decay via gauge bosons or sfermions to LSP and SM particles.
- R-parity conserving models \Rightarrow stable LSP
- LSP escapes detection in the detector



- SUSY characteristic: Two electrons or muons + a third lepton and significant missing transverse energy.

- Look for high quality track or Like Sign muons to increase efficiency

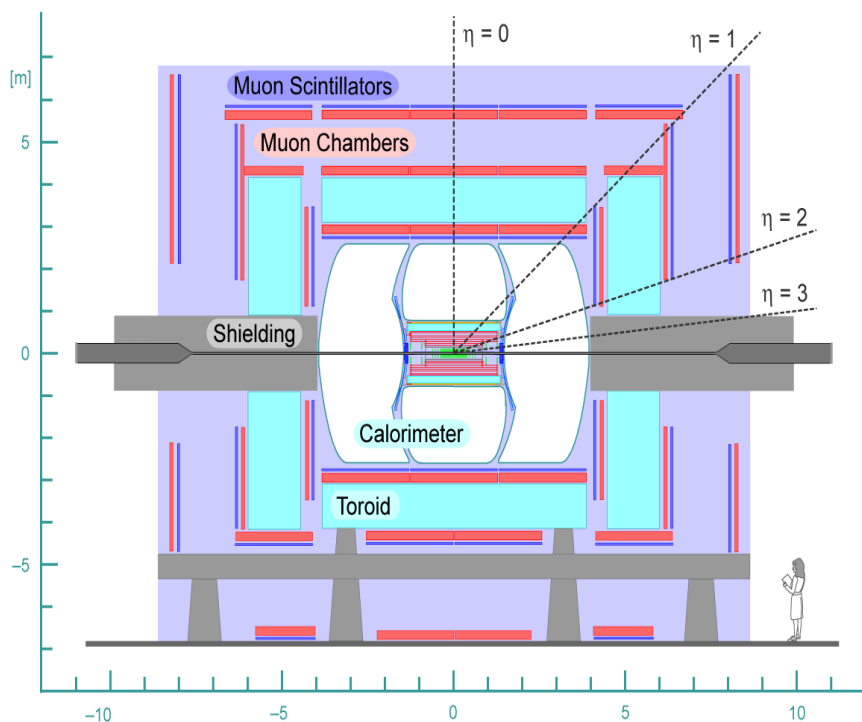


DETECTOR and LUMINOSITY

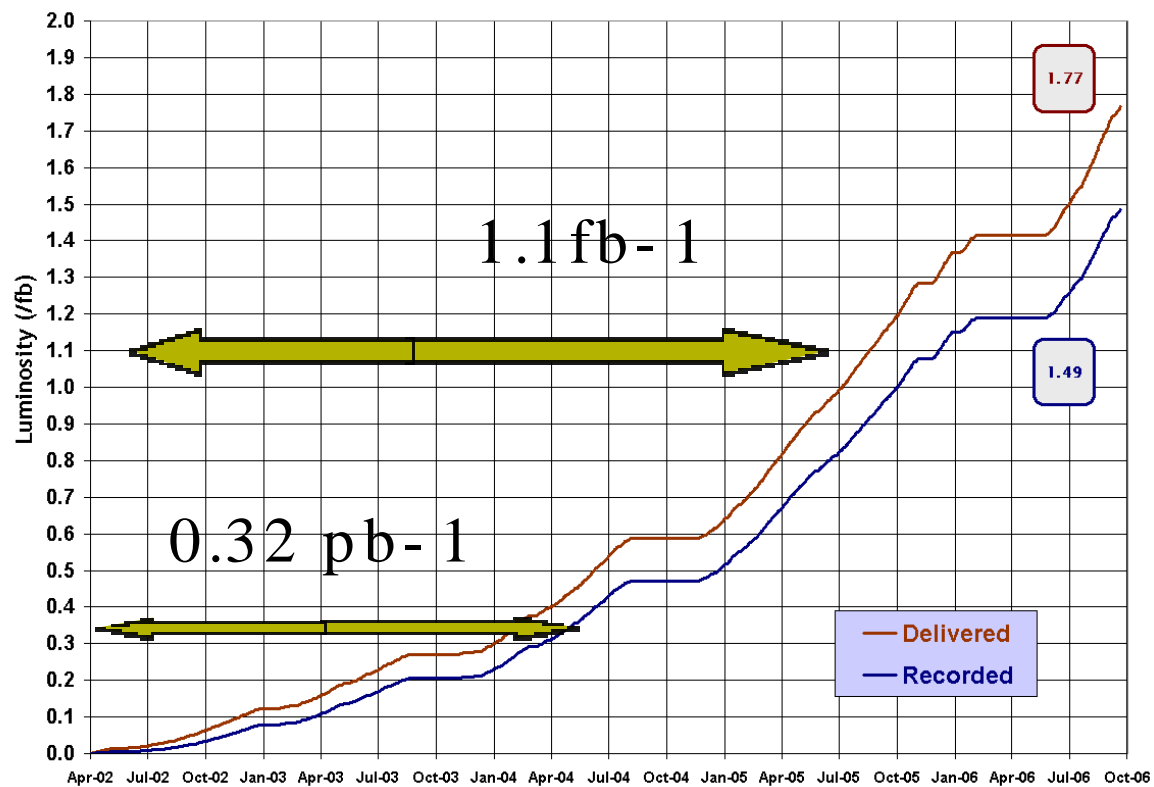


Run II Integrated Luminosity

19 April 2002 - 8 October 2006



Acceptance:
Electrons: $|\eta| < 3.0$
Muons: $|\eta| < 2.0$
Jets: $|\eta| < 4.2$

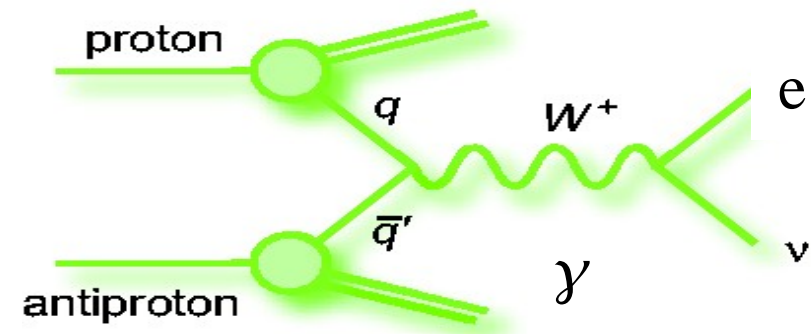


- This is a continuation and extension of the earlier result published by D0 (PRL 95, 151805 (2005)) with $\int \mathcal{L} = 320 \text{ pb-1}$



SM BACKGROUNDS ee+track

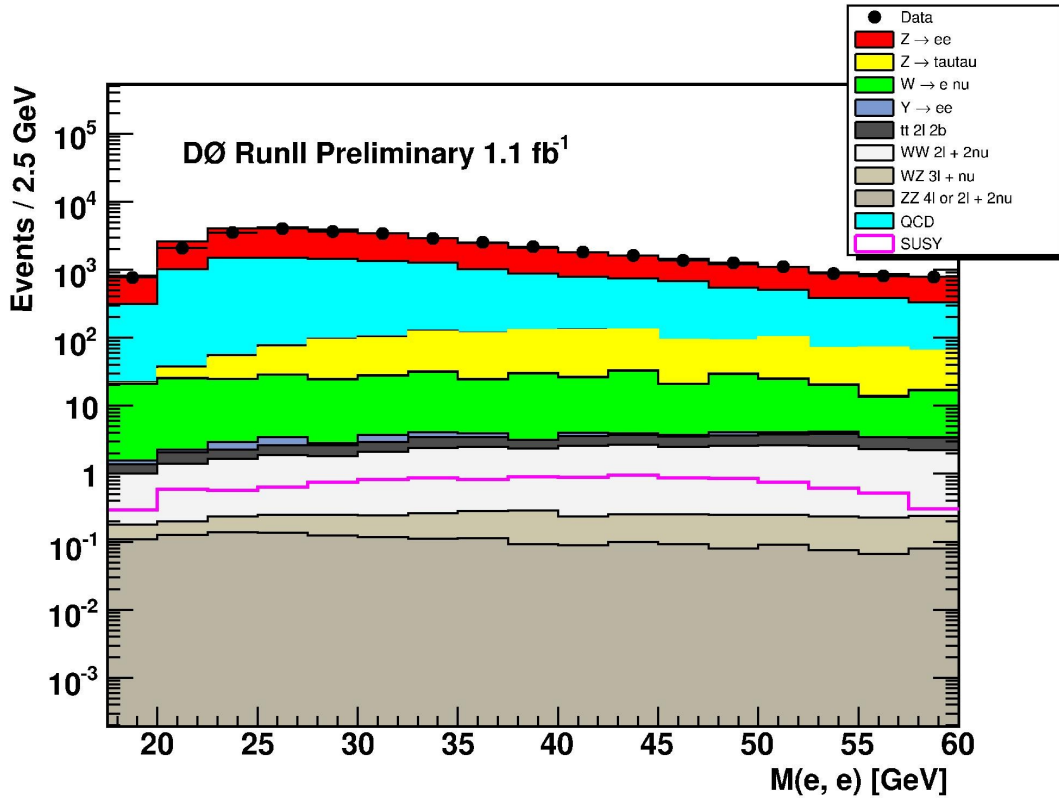
	# leptons	true ET-miss	ksec(pb)	Remarks
Signal	3	Yes	0.18	
WZ -> III ν	3	Yes	0.1126	signal like
ZZ -> II XX	2 - 4	Both	0.0710	Misidentified lepton / mismeasured Etmis
WW-> II $\nu \nu$	2	Yes	1.2411	fakes
W->I $\nu + \gamma$ /jet	1	Yes	2500	fakes
(Z / γ ->II)+ γ /je	2	No	250-400	fakes, mismeasurement
ttbar -> II +2jets	2	Yes	0.7300	fakes, mismeasurement
qqbar -> jets	0	No		fakes, mismeasurement



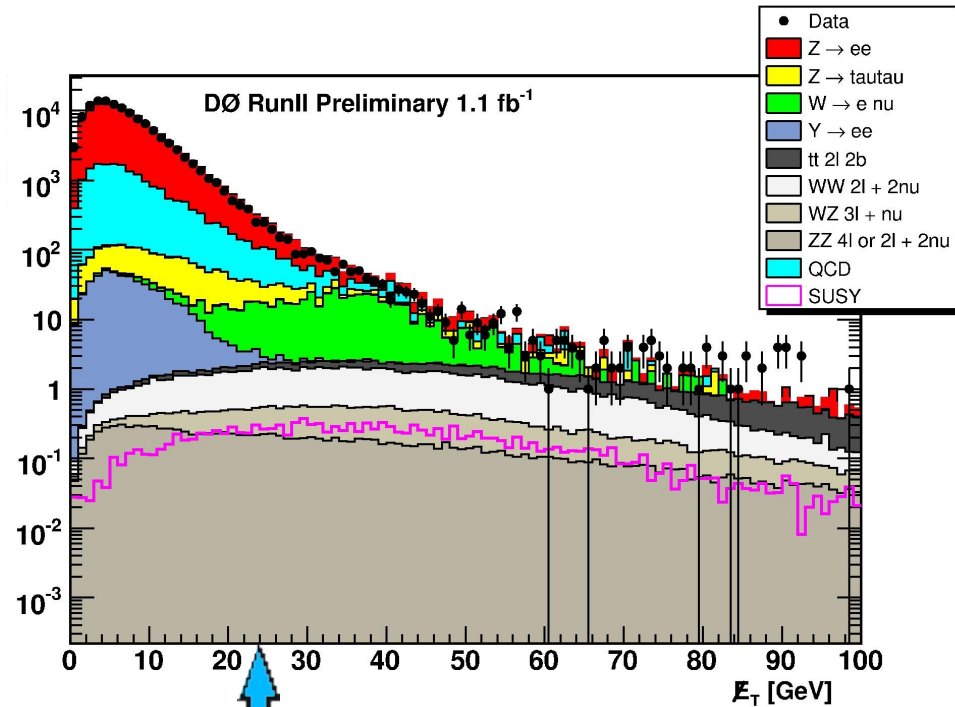
- Start by requiring two leptons in the event.
- Other important cuts: **Missing Transverse Energy**, require a third, isolated track in the event



IMPORTANT DISTRIBUTIONS ee+track



$18 \text{ GeV} < M(e, e) < 60 \text{ GeV}$

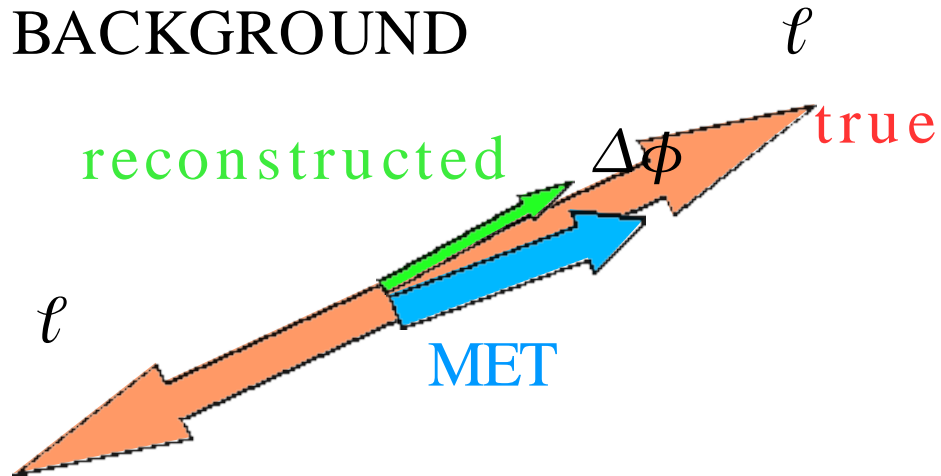


MET > 22 GeV



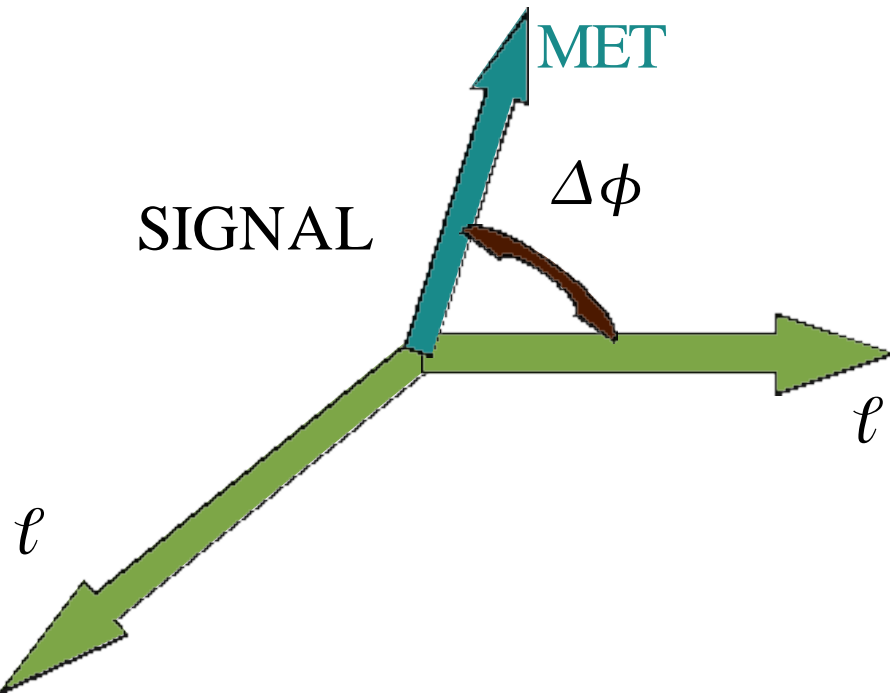
MET FAKED BY MISMEASURED ENERGY

BACKGROUND

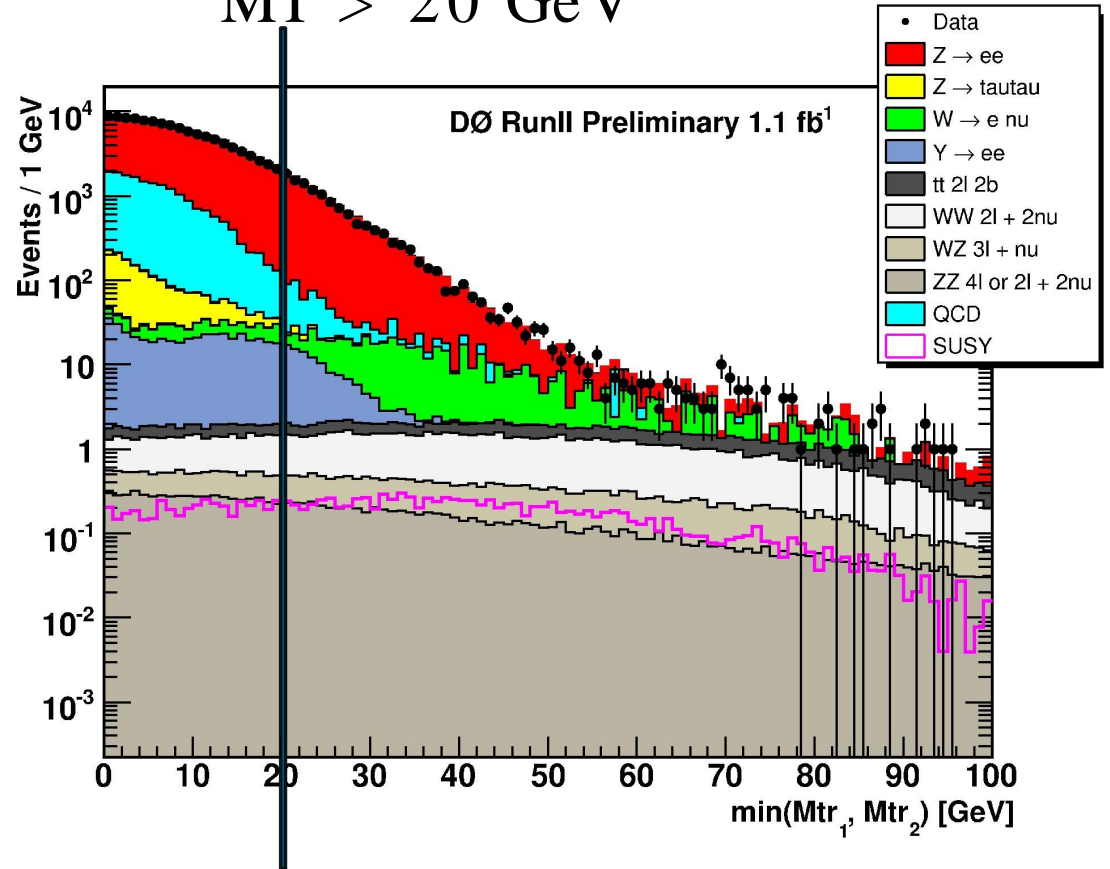


- large MET caused by poorly measured electron energy will be in the same direction as the lepton => small values of MT.
- $MT = \sqrt{2MET \cdot p_T} \cdot (1 - \cos(\Delta\phi(MET, p_T)))$

SIGNAL



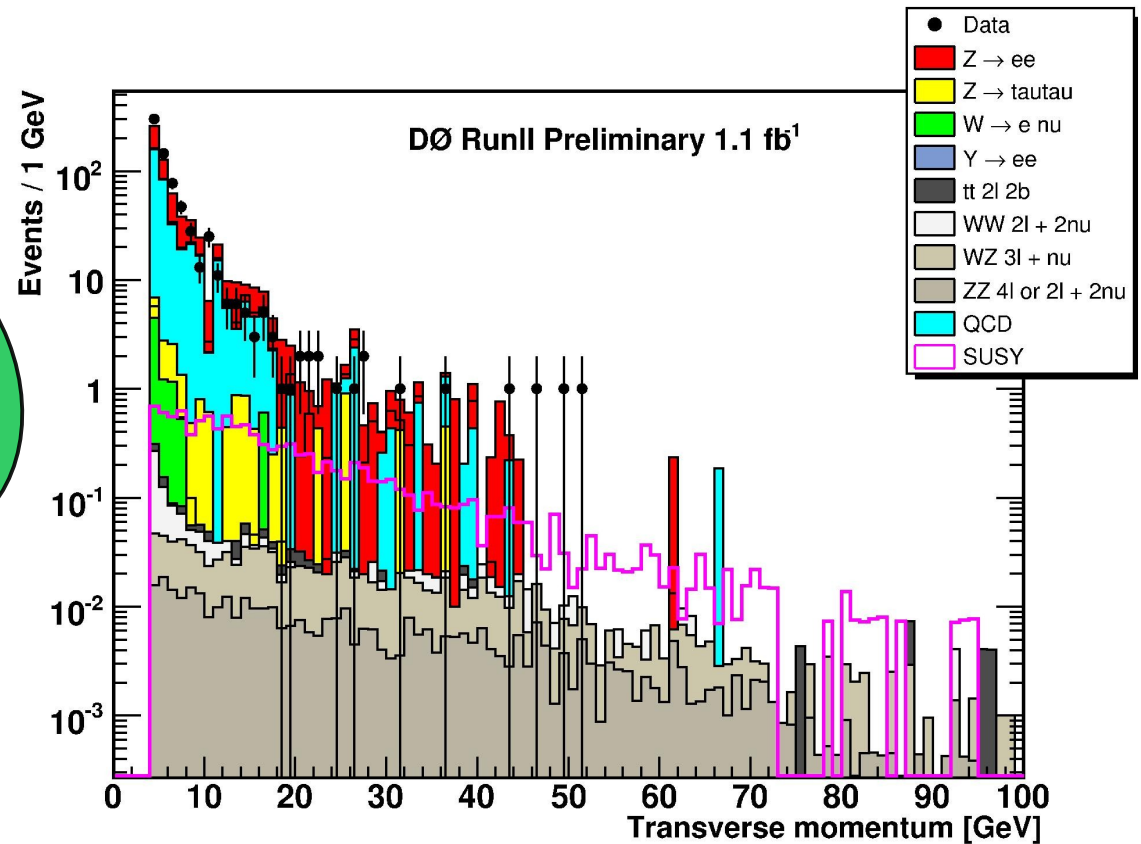
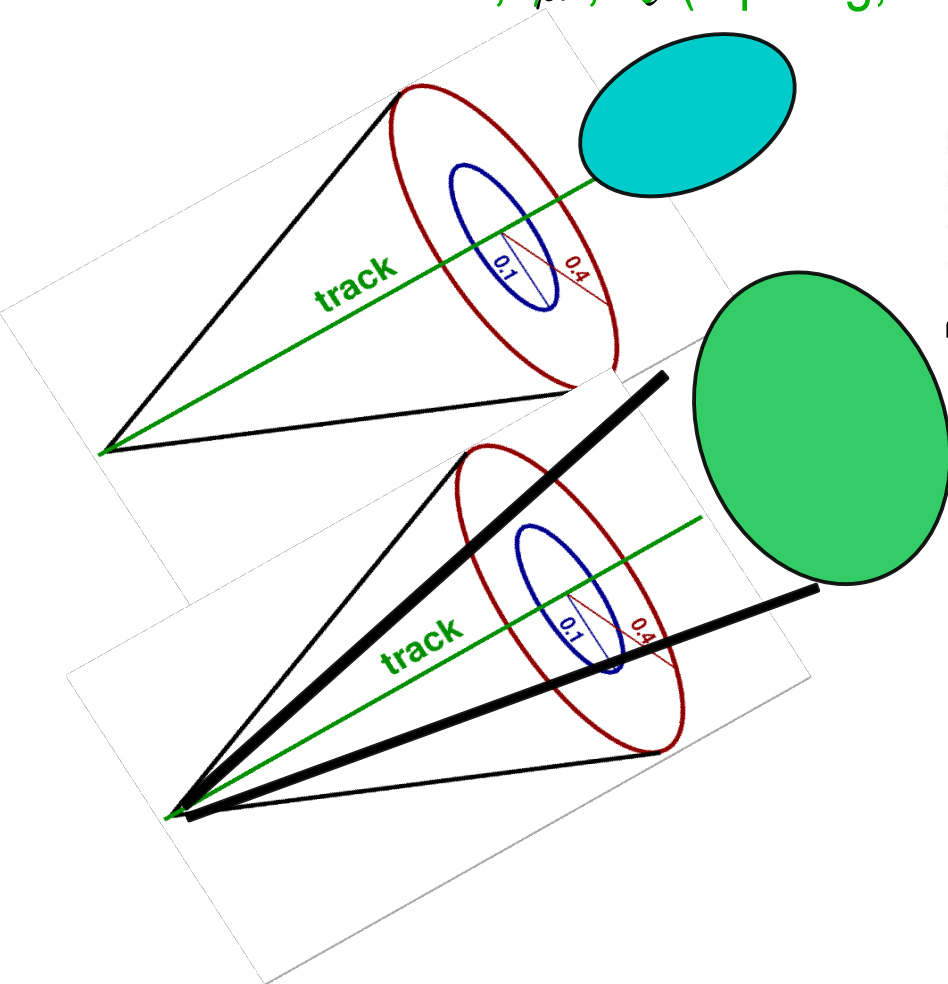
MT > 20 GeV





3rd LEPTON

- To increase efficiency, a track is required instead of lepton.
- Isolation in tracker and calorimeter is required to reject background from jets.
 - $\sum p_T$ of other reconstructed tracks in a hollow cone around track < 1 GeV
 - efficient for e, μ, τ (1 prong, 3 prong)





CUT FLOW ee+track

Cut	Data	SM Expected	MSUGRA example
Preselection	118518	113592±119	18
Anti-Z	17459	18306±89	13
Third track	776	650±18	7.6
MET	2	1.97±0.73	4.64
MET x PT(3.track)	0	0.76±0.67	3.45

47% $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

7% $t\bar{t}$

31% WZ

9% WW

6% ZZ

- Signal efficiency 2.6% relative to lepton events with all flavour combinations

- Error dominated by statistical uncertainty



LS μ : BACKGROUNDS and CUTS

Important Standard Model background:

-multijet from QCD processes (b-bbar)

-Z/ γ + γ /jet \rightarrow ll + γ /jet, W + γ /jet \rightarrow l ν + γ /jet, tt \rightarrow ll + jets

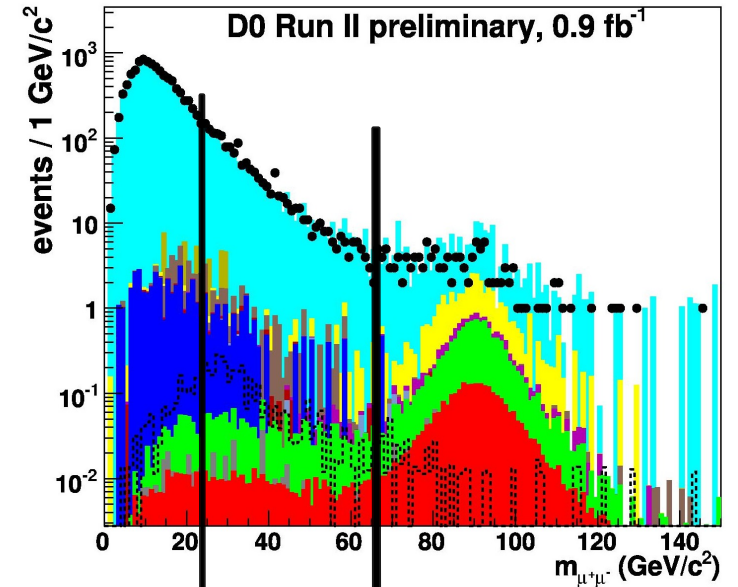
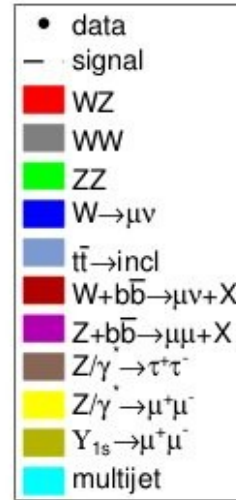
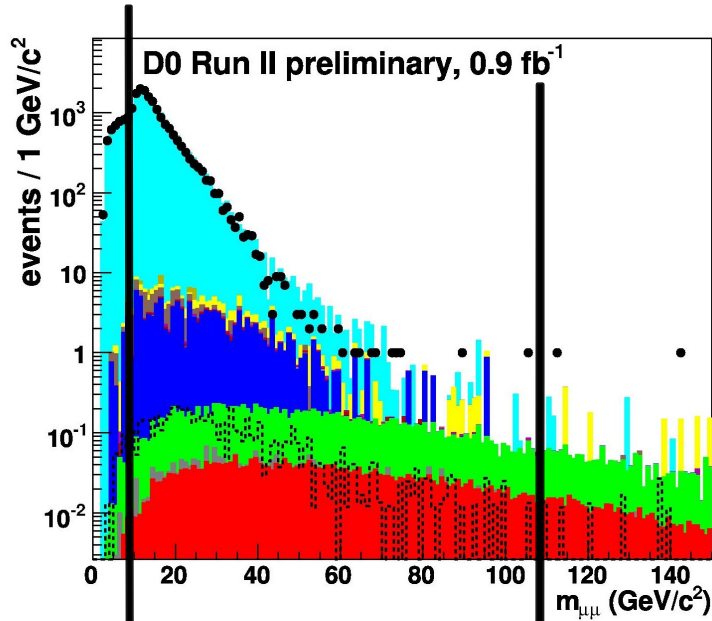
-WZ \rightarrow l ν ll, ZZ \rightarrow llXX, WW \rightarrow ll $\nu\nu$

- **Preselection:** Muon ID, two isolated LS μ , $P_T > 5$ GeV, $\Delta\phi(\mu, \mu) < 2.9$
- **Anti-QCD:** $P_T(\mu_1) > 13$ GeV, 35 GeV $> P_T(\mu_2) > 8$ GeV
- **Anti-WZ:** 25 GeV $< M(\mu, \mu)_{os} < 65$ GeV if OS
- **Anti-Z:** 12 GeV $< M(\mu, \mu)_{LS} < 110$ GeV
- **Large MET:** MET > 10 GeV, 65 GeV $>$ Transv. mass (μ_2, MET) > 15 GeV, MET $> 12 \times \sigma(\text{jet}||MET)$
- **MET x $P_T(\mu_2)$:** > 160 GeV²

Last 5 cuts used in optimization for best $\sigma \times \text{Br}$



LIKESIGN MUON



Cut	Data	SM Expected	MSUGRA example
Preselection	15234	14922±981	8.4±0.6
Minv OS	3569	3479±232	7.6±0.6
Minv LS	2	2.9±0.8	5.7±0.5
MET	1	1.7±0.6	4.6±0.4
MET x PT(μ2)	1	1.1±0.4	4.0±0.4

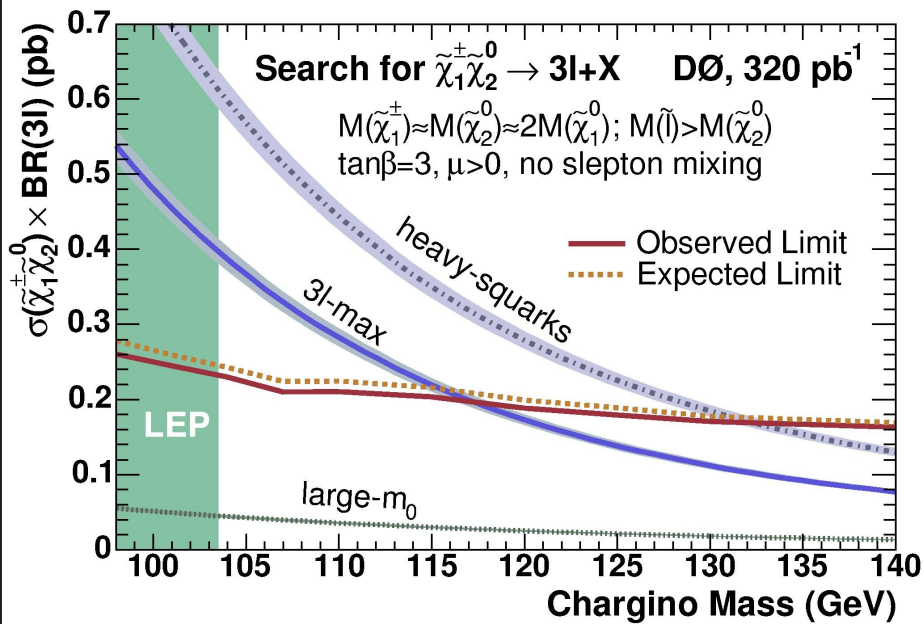
17% QCD
 20% W
 17% WZ
 9% WW
 15% ZZ
 15% Zbb



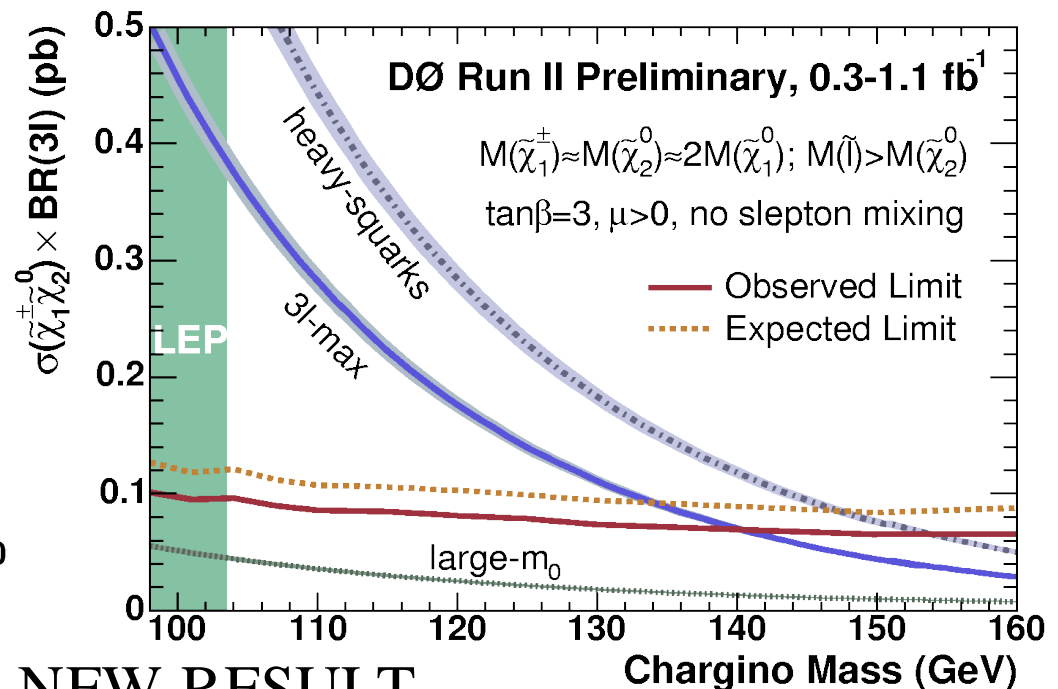
LIMITS

- Combination of ee+l and LS muon with older DØ mu mu and e mu:
 - upper limit $\sigma \times \text{BR}(3l)$ (modified freq., overlap subtracted from weakest analysis)

- Chargino mass limit of 140 GeV in scenario with enhanced BR into leptons:
 - (3l-max, $m(\text{slepton}) > m(\text{neu}2)$)



OLD RESULT

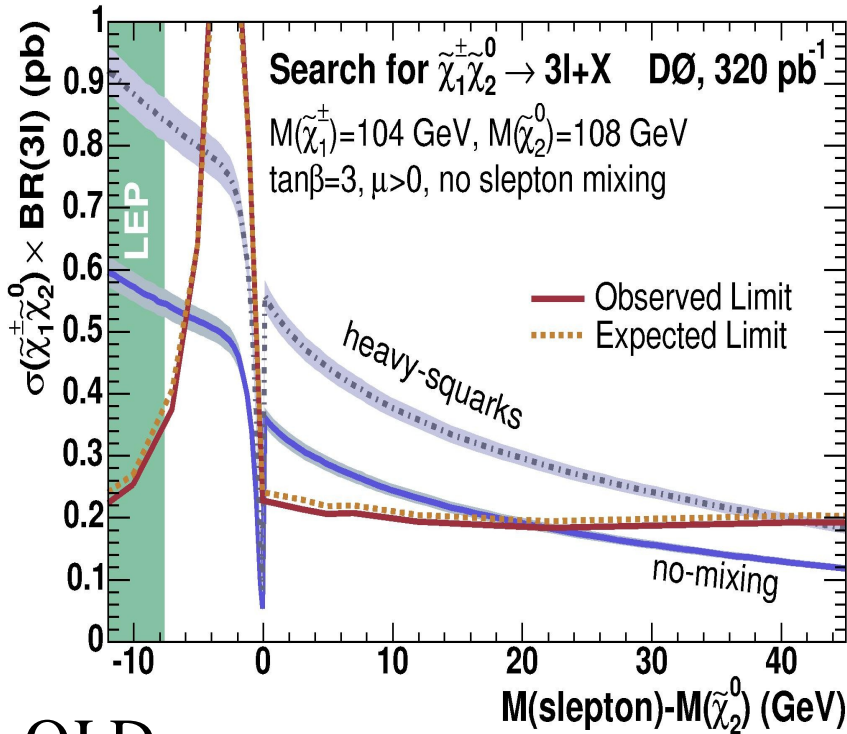


NEW RESULT

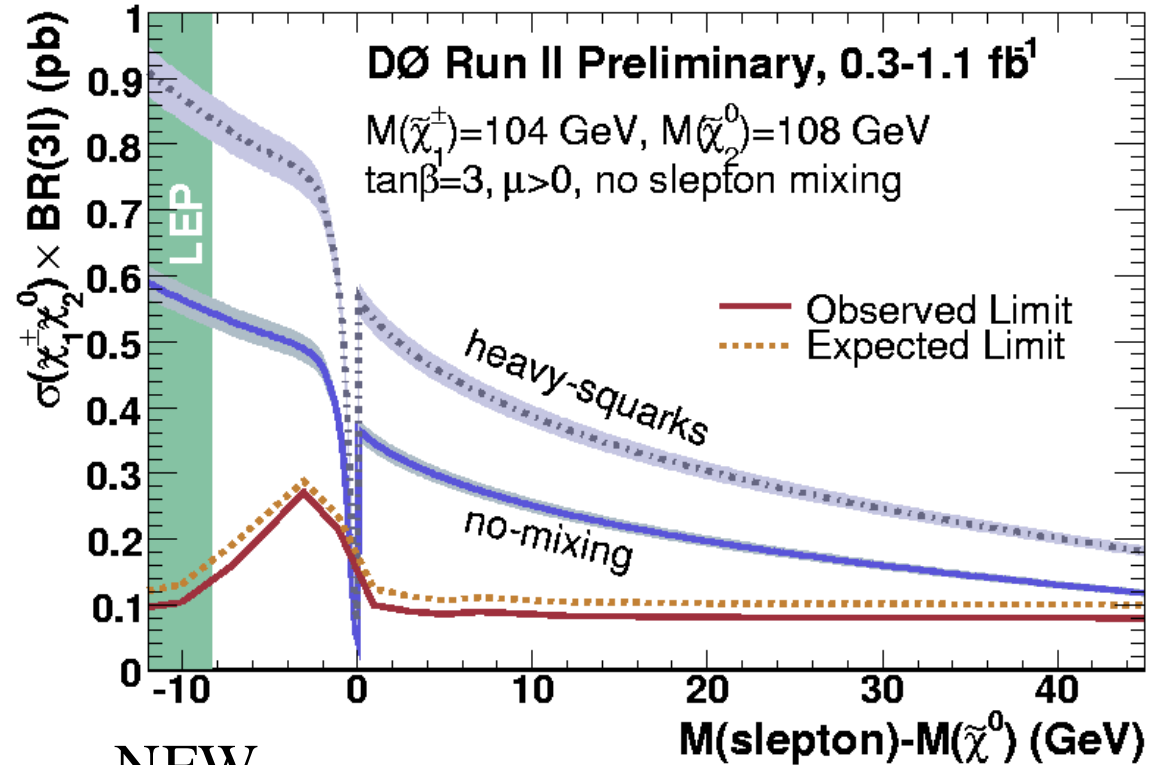
- large m_0 : W/Z exchange dominates (small $\text{Br}(3l)$)
- heavy-squarks: maximal cross section, t-channel contribution from squarks relaxing scalar mass unification



LIMITS II



OLD



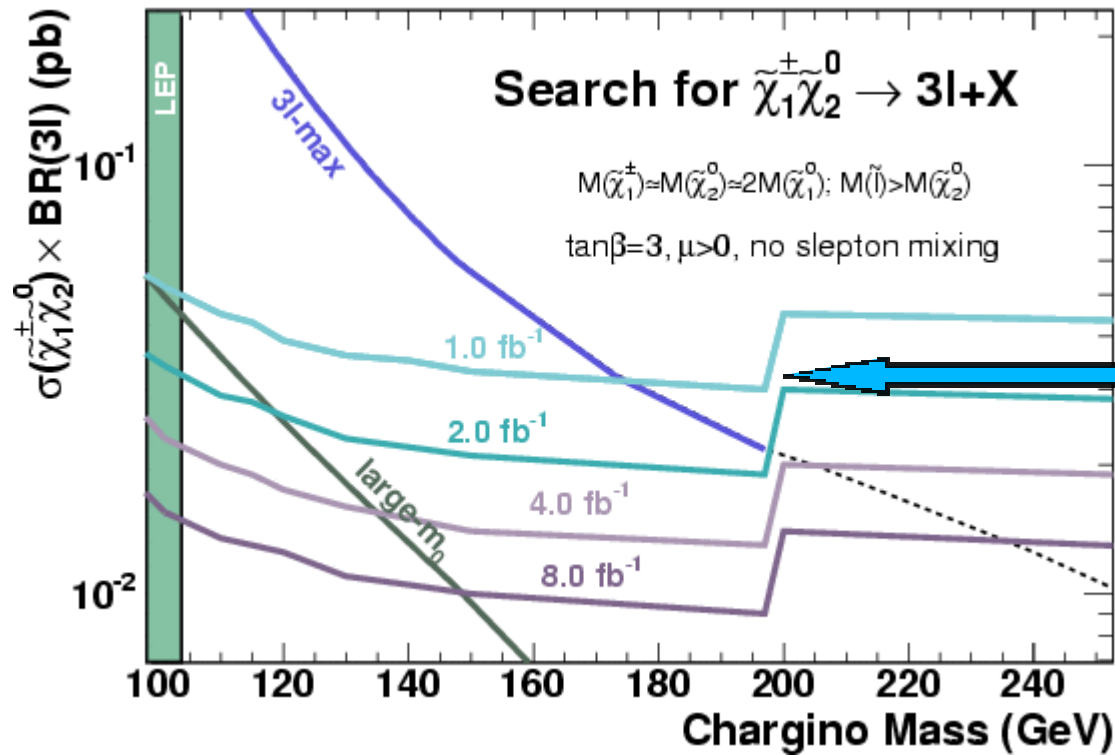
NEW

no-mixing: MSSM

- Light sleptons => two body decays into leptons and LSP => soft lepton
- Significant improvement
- Limit stable as a function of mass



CONCLUSION and OUTLOOK



starting to
probe difficult
region of phase
space with
more luminosity

- NO SUSY OBSERVED => LIMIT SET
- Combine ee+track and Like Sign muon with mumu+track and e+mu+track
- ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENTS

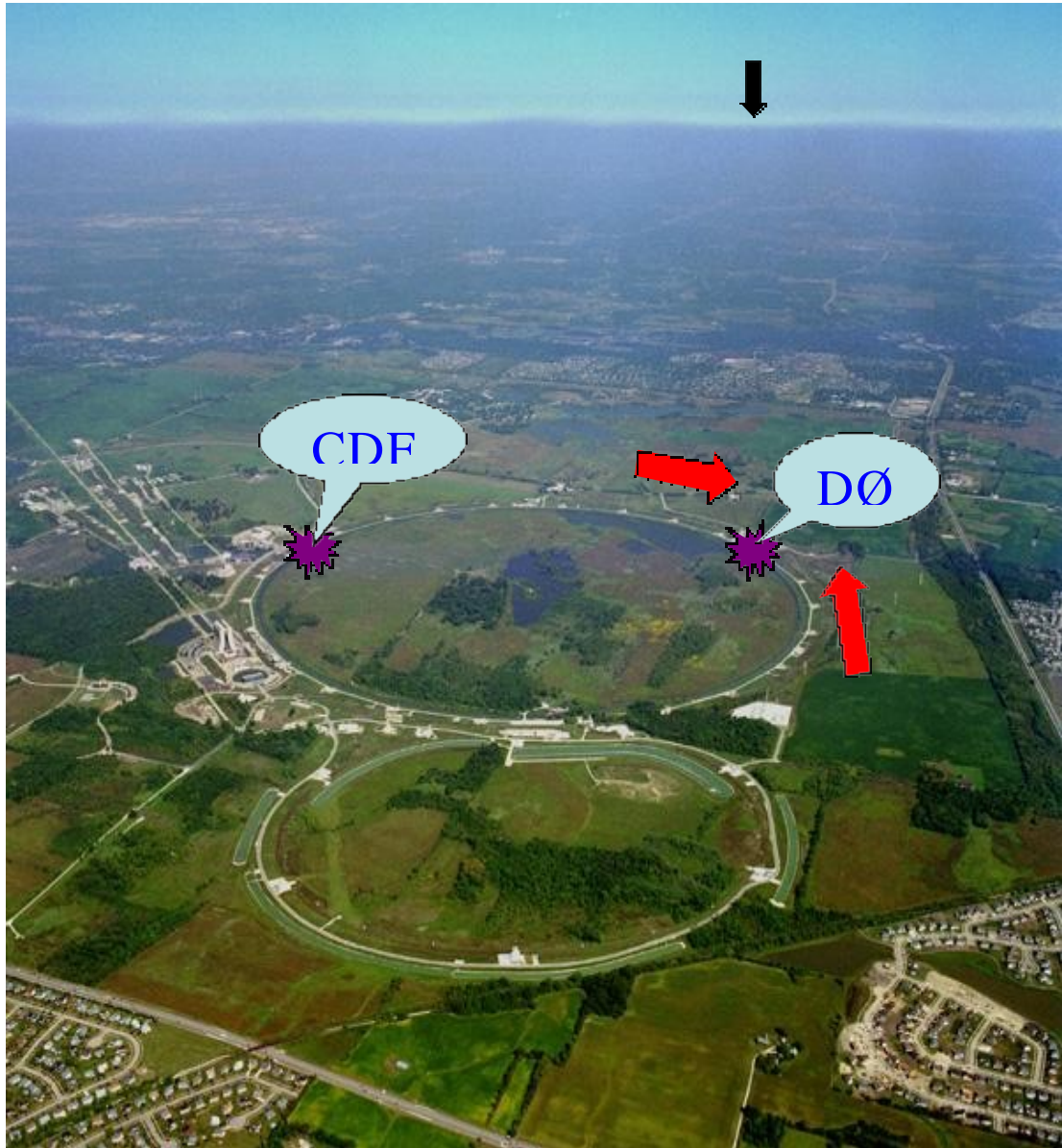


BACK UP



TEVATRON and DØ

- Fermilab, Batavia, IL
- 1 km radius
- 2 experiments:
CDF and DØ
- Run I (1992-1995)
 $\sqrt{s} = 1.8 \text{ TeV}$
 $\int L dt = 125 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Run II (since 2002)
 $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$
 $\int L dt = 1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ recorded so far
- Run II b just started -> upgrade of DØ and accelerator





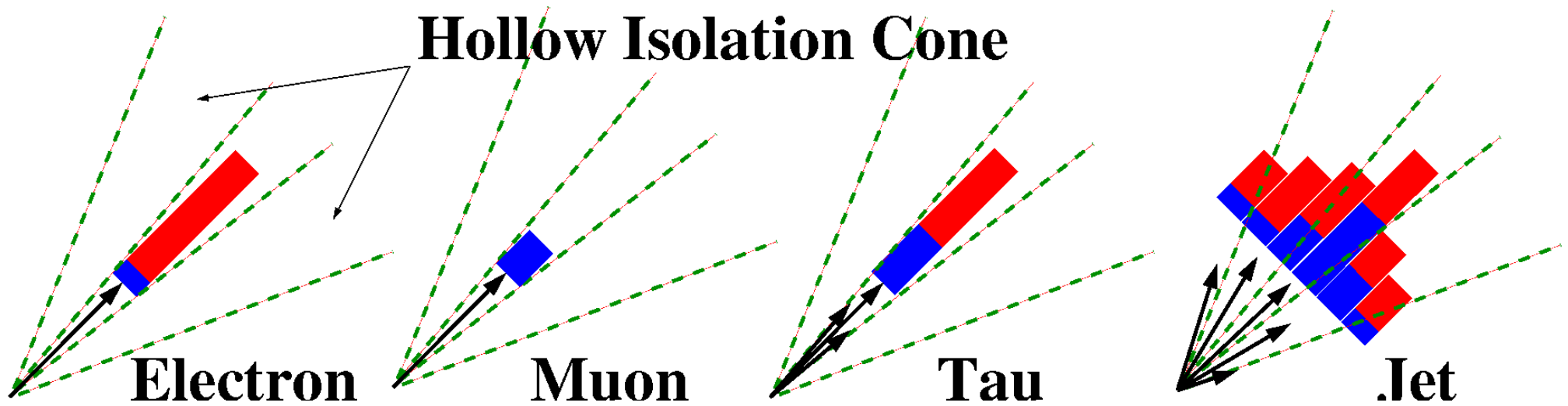
OVERVIEW OVER CUTS ee+track

- **Preselection:** Electron-identification, 2 electrons with $P_T > 12$ GeV+8 GeV
- **Anti-Z/DrellYan->ll:** $M(Y) \ll M(e,e) \ll M(Z)$, $\Delta\phi(e,e) < 2.9$
- **Anti Top:** Sum Jet- $P_T < 80$ GeV
- **Well identified third track,** $P_T > 4$ GeV, isolation in tracker and calorimeter
- **Large MET:** MET > 22 GeV, Transv. mass (e,MET) >20 GeV,
MET $> 8 \times \sigma(\text{jet}||\text{MET})$
- **2-D cut:** MET x $P_T(\text{3. track}) > 220$ GeV²



3rd LEPTON -> isolation

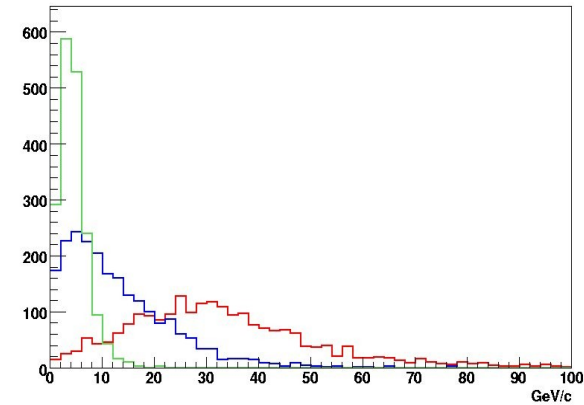
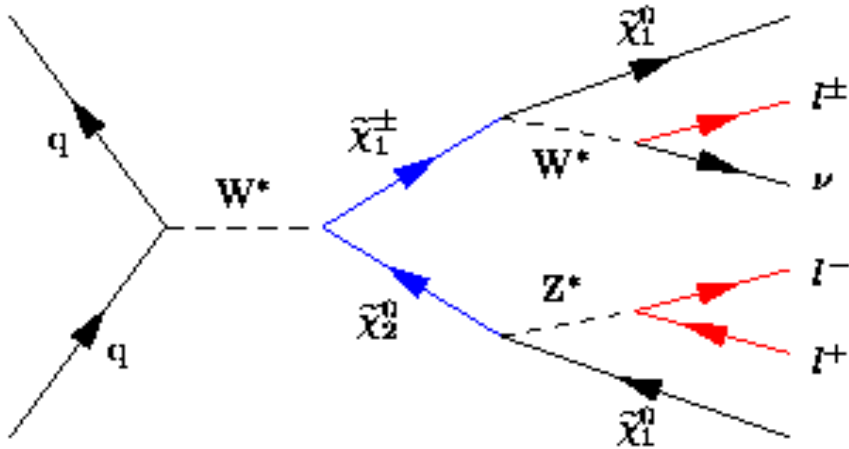
- efficient for e , μ , τ (1 prong, 3 prong):





LIKESIGN μ

- Large slepton masses \rightarrow decay via W/Z dominates
- $m(\text{slepton}) < m(\text{neu2})$: two body decays of $\text{neu2} \rightarrow \text{slepton} + \text{lepton}$
 - \Rightarrow very soft third lepton



Instead of requiring two leptons + track

- \Rightarrow require two leptons of same sign

- Two QCD samples:
 - one tight and one loose muon (sample S)
 - one tight and one that fails loose cuts (sample Q)
- Re-weight sample Q as a function of transverse momentum in a QCD enriched region of phase space ($\Delta\phi > 2.9$).



OPTIMIZATION OF CUTS

- Optimaztion of cuts performed to obtain a best expected limit on $\sigma \times \text{BR}(3l)$
 - SUSY point with very soft third lepton used in the optimization

