Quantum Obs Workshop Notes:

- Quantum Machine learning for Ethan?
- From Quantum Tomography talk by Kun Cheng (Pitt), it seems like he wants compute full density matrix of flavour entangled meson pairs.
- Computing/testing magic/entanglement at Belle II could potentially be done, but expect magic=0/entanglement=max (Martin White & Matthew Low).
- Tests of contextuality at Belle II. Marco Fabbrichesi has values for $B \to J/\Psi K^*$; endorses performing tests.
- Performing a "test of time" at Belle II was brought up, but doubtful as to whether it is truly feasible (correlation of Bs is lost after the first B meson decays, the 2nd B decay is "statistical" on an event-by-event basis)
- Similar thought process on using Belle II for Quantum Computing & why it is also doubtful
- Marco seemingly supports performing Bell tests, Tao Han disagrees → "EPR long gone. Rest in peace."
- "Lack of Instant Realism" seemed to indicate using flavour entangled mesons. Need to go thoroughly through slides.

Fun Stuff:

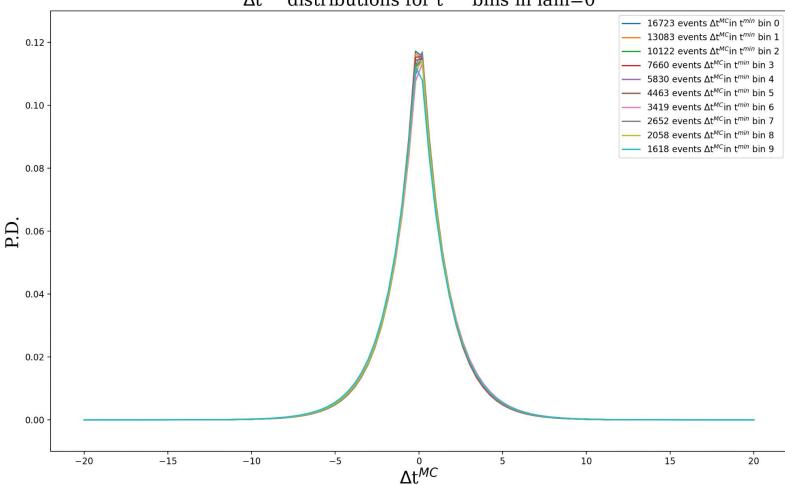
- Symmetries as an emergent property of entanglement
- Decoherence at black hole horizons

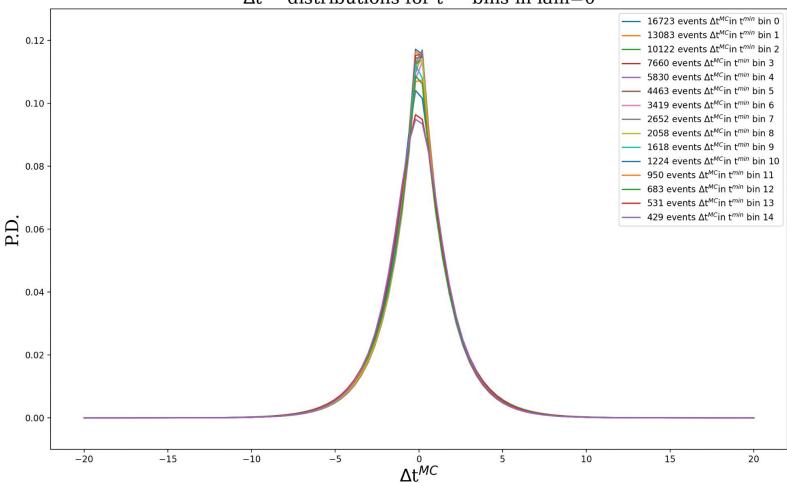
Meeting with Kenta Uno:

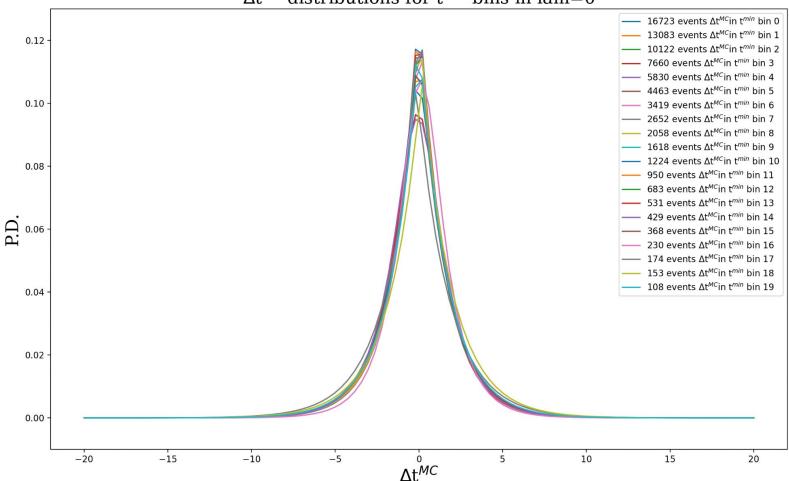
→ Want beam parameter plots done by ~end of April

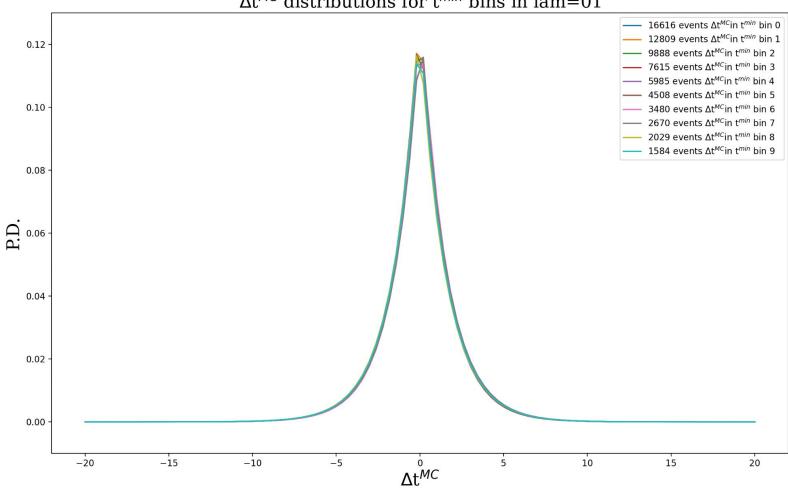
Thesis proposal:

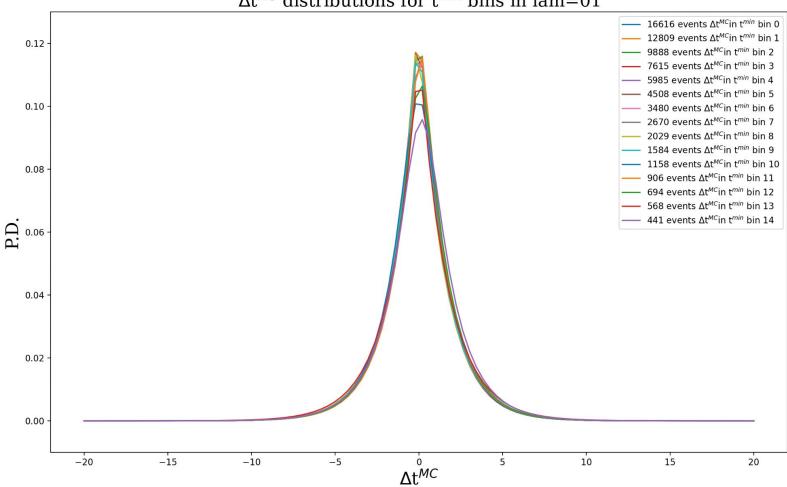
- → Seems like all committee is good to go. Need to request room.
- → Asked Matthew Low if he wished to join in for the talk. He accepted.
- \rightarrow Tao Han then inquired about the results of the theory position at UH...

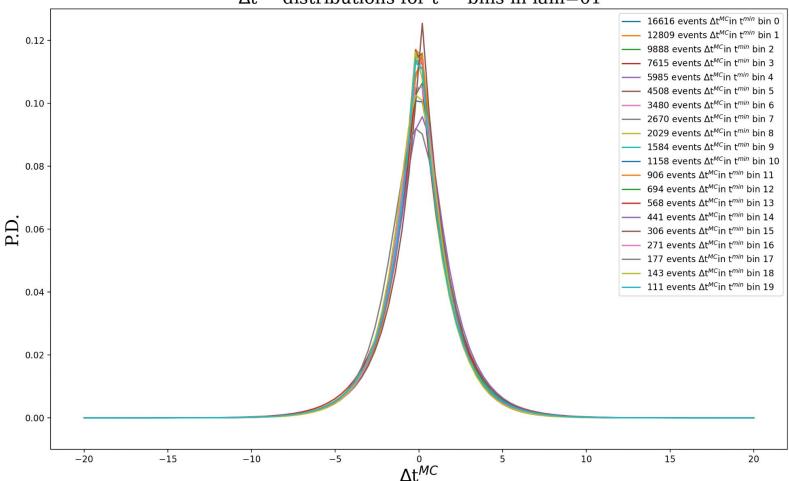


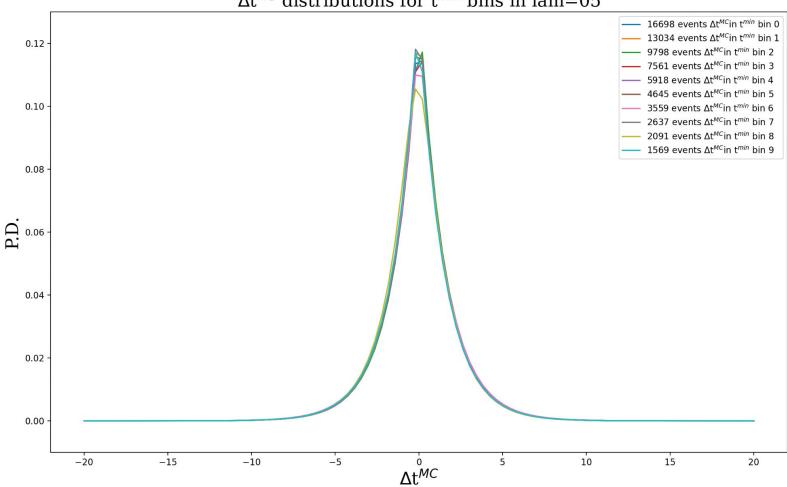




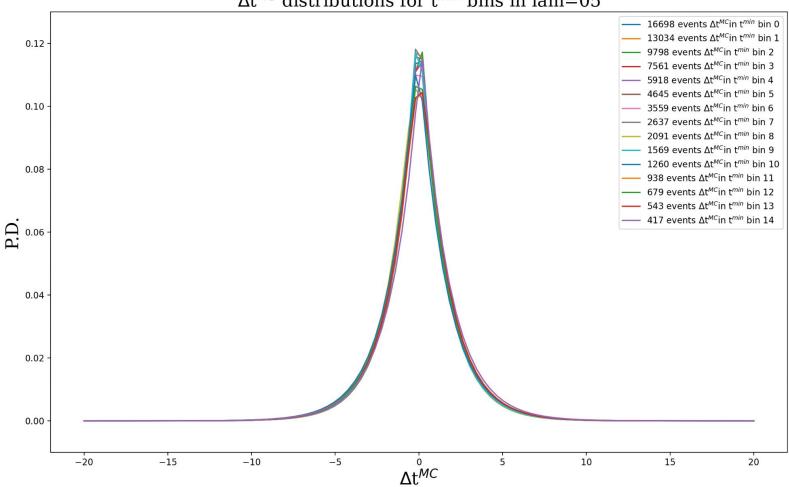


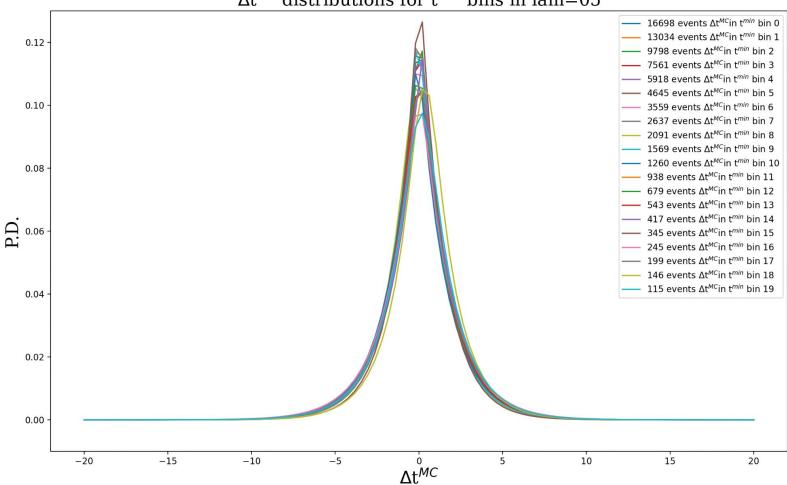


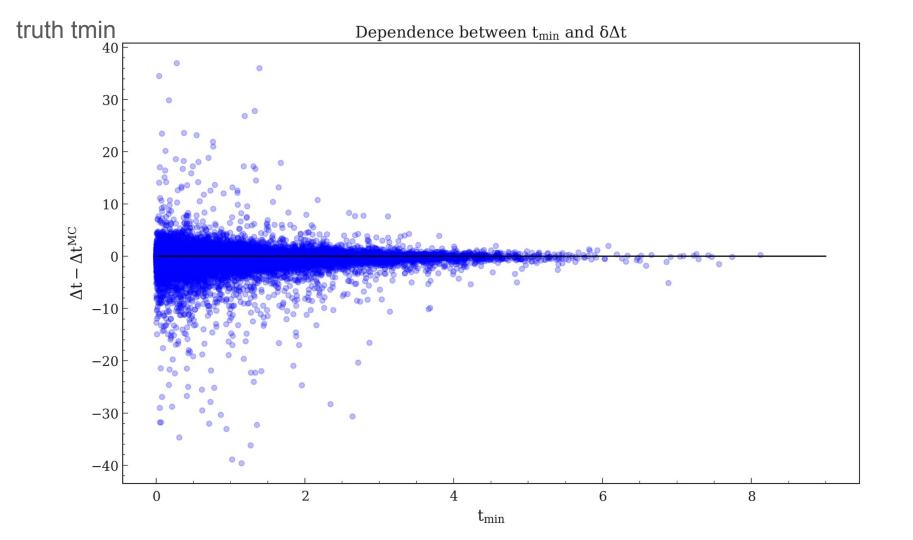




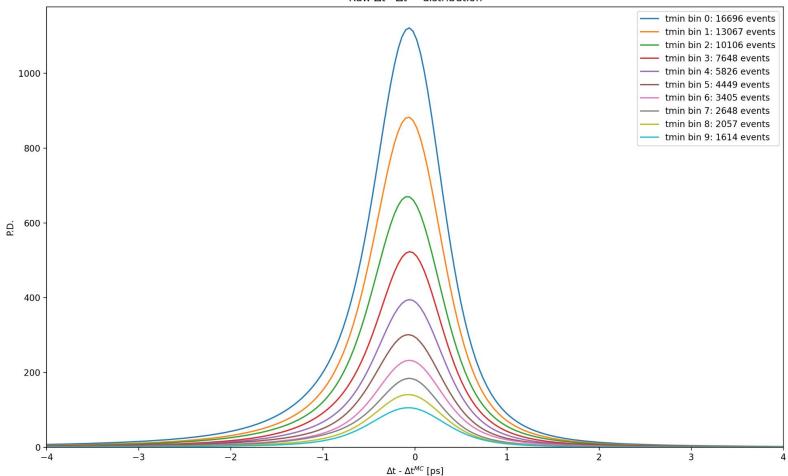
 Δt^{MC} distributions for t^{min} bins in lam=05

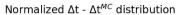


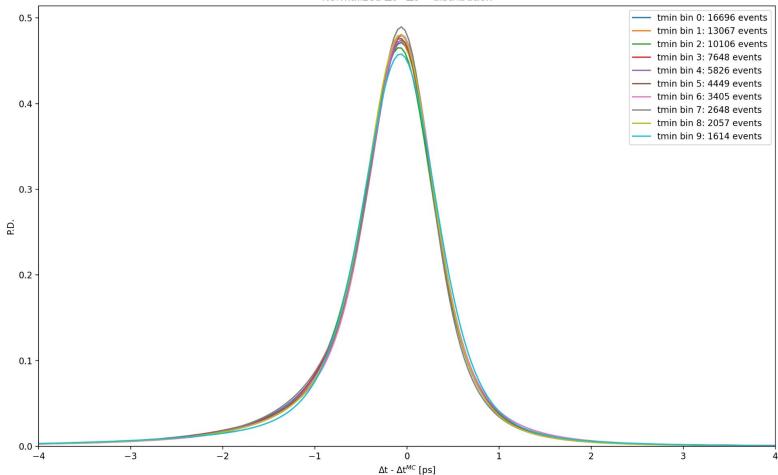




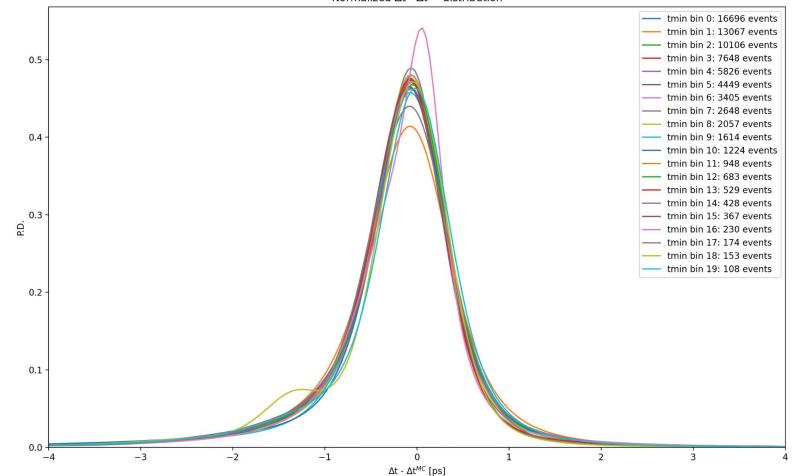
Raw $\Delta t - \Delta t^{MC}$ distribution

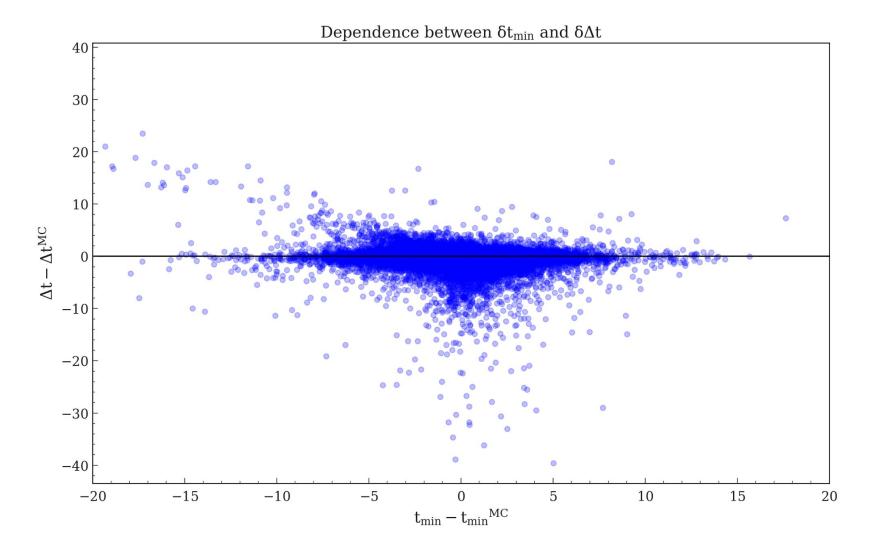


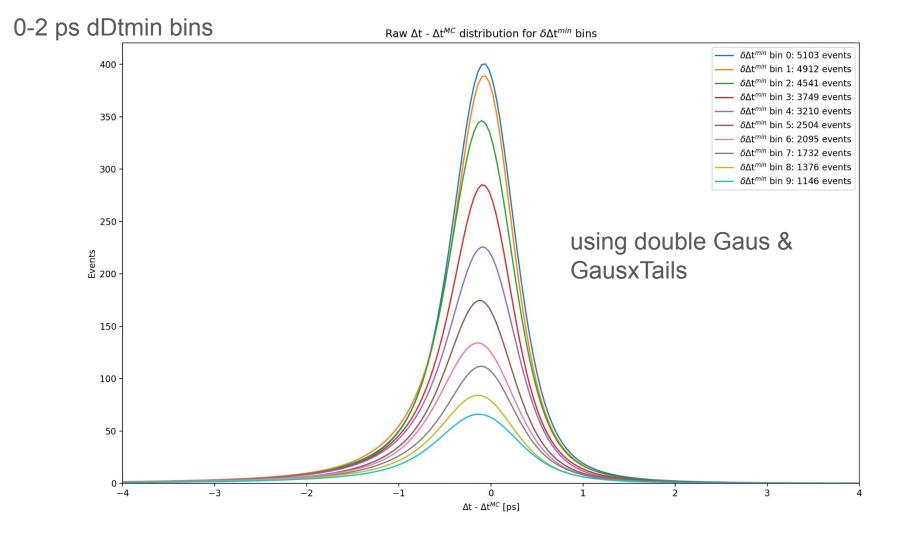


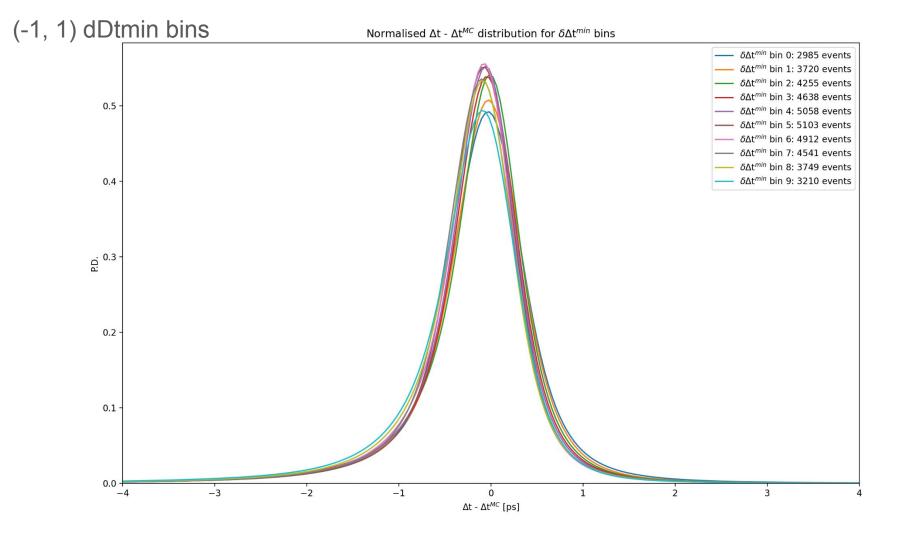


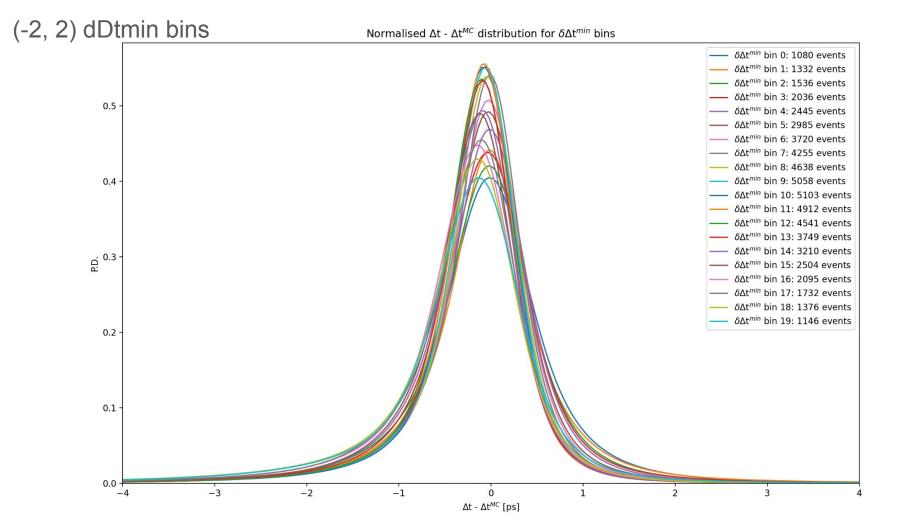
Normalized $\Delta t - \Delta t^{MC}$ distribution



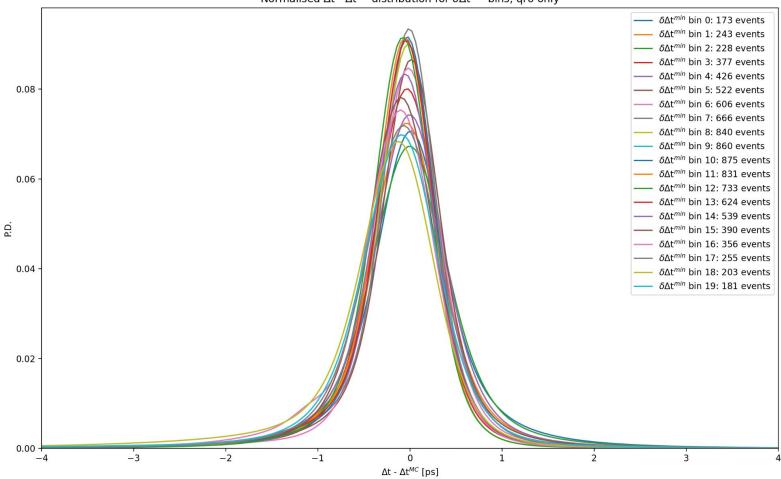








Normalised Δt - Δt^{MC} distribution for $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bins, qr6 only



(-3, 3) dDtmin bins Normalised $\Delta t - \Delta t^{MC}$ distribution for $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bins $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 0: 460 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 1: 565 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 2: 666 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 3: 740 events 0.5 $δ\Delta t^{min}$ bin 4: 908 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 5: 1080 events $δ\Delta t^{min}$ bin 6: 1332 events - $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 7: 1536 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 8: 2036 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 9: 2445 events 0.4 $-\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 10: 2985 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 11: 3720 events - $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 12: 4255 events δΔt^{min} bin 13: 4638 events . 0.3 r - $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 14: 5058 events - δ Δt^{min} bin 15: 5103 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 16: 4912 events - δΔt^{min} bin 17: 4541 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 18: 3749 events - $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 19: 3210 events 0.2 δΔt^{min} bin 20: 2504 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 21: 2095 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 22: 1732 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 23: 1376 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 24: 1146 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 25: 933 events 0.1 $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 26: 783 events - $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 27: 675 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 28: 549 events $\delta \Delta t^{min}$ bin 29: 492 events

-1

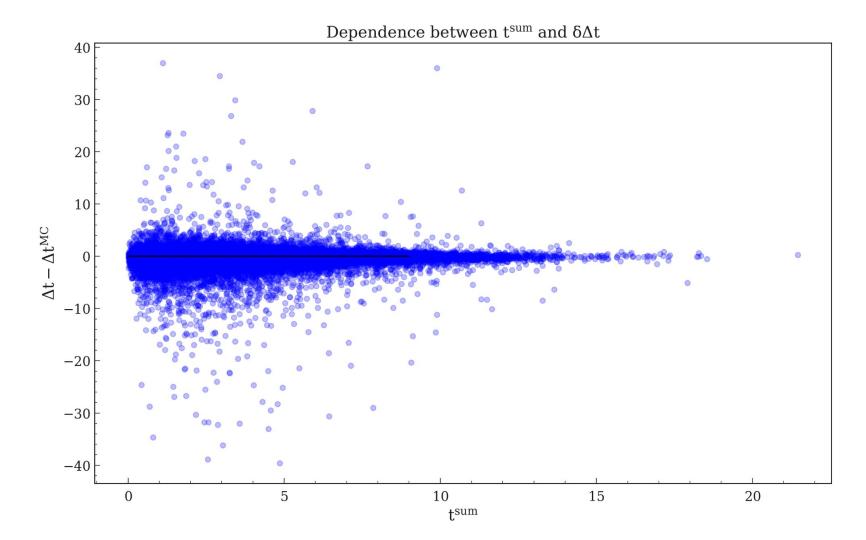
0

 $\Delta t - \Delta t^{MC}$ [ps]

1

0.0 -

-3



Normalised $\Delta t - \Delta t^{MC}$ distribution for Σt bins

